

2016 CATALOG

EMC Components
ESD Components



Panasonic

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All products in this catalog comply with the RoHS Directive.

The RoHS Directive is "the Directive (2011/65/EU) on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment" and its revisions.

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△ Safety Precautions (Common precautions for EMC Components and ESD Suppressor)

- When using our products, no matter what sort of equipment they might be used for, be sure to make a written
 agreement on the specifications with us in advance. The design and specifications in this catalog are subject
 to change without prior notice.
- Do not use the products beyond the specifications described in this catalog.
- This catalog explains the quality and performance of the products as individual components. Before use, check and evaluate their operations when installed in your products.
- Install the following systems for a failsafe design to ensure safety if these products are to be used in equipment where a defect in these products may cause the loss of human life or other significant damage, such as damage to vehicles (automobile, train, vessel), traffic lights, medical equipment, aerospace equipment, electric heating appliances, combustion/gas equipment, rotating equipment, and disaster/crime prevention equipment.
- * Systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device
- * Systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault

(1) Precautions for use

- These products are designed and manufactured for general and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g. AV equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment)
- These products are not intended for use in the following special conditions. Before using the products, carefully check the effects on their quality and performance, and determine whether or not they can be used.
 - 1. In liquid, such as water, oil, chemicals, or organic solvent
 - 2. In direct sunlight, outdoors, or in dust
 - 3. In salty air or air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, or NO2
 - 4. Electric Static Discharge (ESD) Environment (except ESD Suppressors)
 - These components are sensitive to static electricity and can be damaged under static shock (ESD).
 - Please take measures to avoid any of these environments.
 - Smaller components are more sensitive to ESD environment.
 - 5. Electromagnetic Environment
 - Avoid any environment where strong electromagnetic waves exist.
 - 6. In an environment where these products cause dew condensation
 - 7. Sealing or coating of these products or a printed circuit board on which these products are mounted, with resin or other materials
- These products generate Joule heat when energized. Carefully position these products so that their heat will not affect the other components.
- Carefully position these products so that their temperatures will not exceed the category temperature range due to the effects of neighboring heat-generating components. Do not mount or place heat-generating components or inflammables, such as vinyl-coated wires, near these products.
- Note that non-cleaning solder, halogen-based highly active flux, or water-soluble flux may deteriorate the performance or reliability of the products.
- Carefully select a flux cleaning agent for use after soldering. An unsuitable agent may deteriorate the performance or reliability. In particular, when using water or a water-soluble cleaning agent, be careful not to leave water residues. Otherwise, the insulation performance may be deteriorated.

(2) Precautions for storage

The performance of these products, including the solderability, is guaranteed for a year from the date of arrival at your company, provided that they remain packed as they were when delivered and stored at a temperature of 5 °C to 35 °C and a relative humidity of 45 % to 85 %.

The performance of EMC Components is guaranteed for 6 months or a year after our delivery, provided that they are stored at a temperature of -5 °C to +40 °C and a relative humidity of 40 % to 60 %. Check the guarantee period in the specifications.

Even within the above guarantee periods, do not store these products in the following conditions. Otherwise, their electrical performance and/or solderability may be deteriorated, and the packaging materials (e.g. taping materials) may be deformed or deteriorated, resulting in mounting failures.

- 1. In salty air or in air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, or NO₂
- 2. In direct sunlight

<Package markings>

Package markings include the product number, quantity, and country of origin. In principle, the country of origin should be indicated in English.



Type: **EXCX4CZ**



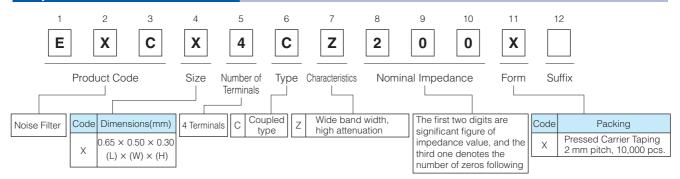
Features

- Small and thin (L 0.65 mm×W 0.50 mm×H 0.30 mm)
- High-common mode attenuation at 2.4GHz, Suitable for noise suppression at Wi-Fi band
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

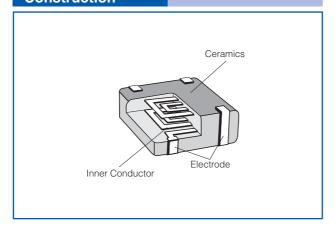
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- Suppresses noise radiation to Wi-Fi Equipment

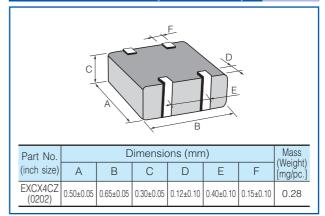




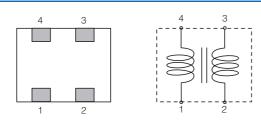
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

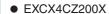


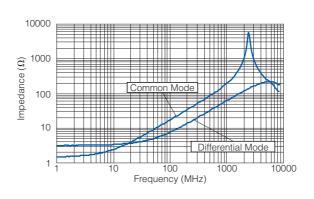
Ratings

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz Common Mode	Rated Voltage (V DC)	Rated Current (mA DC)	DC Resistance (Ω) max.
EXCX4CZ200X	20 Ω±30 %	10	100	3.0±30 %

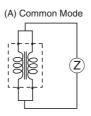
• Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

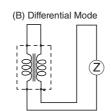
Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



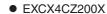


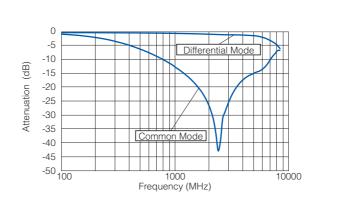
Measurement Circuit





Attenuation Characteristics (Typical)







Type: **EXCX4CH**



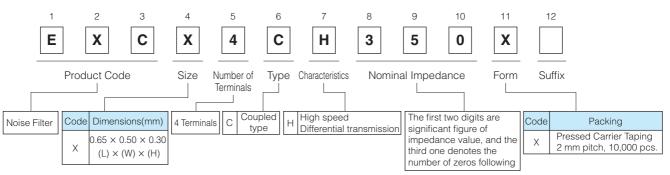
Features

- Small and thin (L 0.65 mm×W 0.50 mm×H 0.30 mm)
- High common mode attenuation in high-speed differential transmission lines, Cut-off frequency is more than 8.5 GHz, and an influence to differential transmission signal quality is little
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

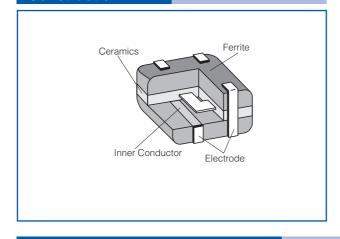
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as USB, LVDS and HDMI

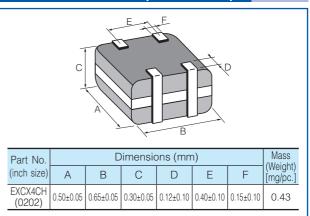




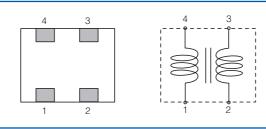
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

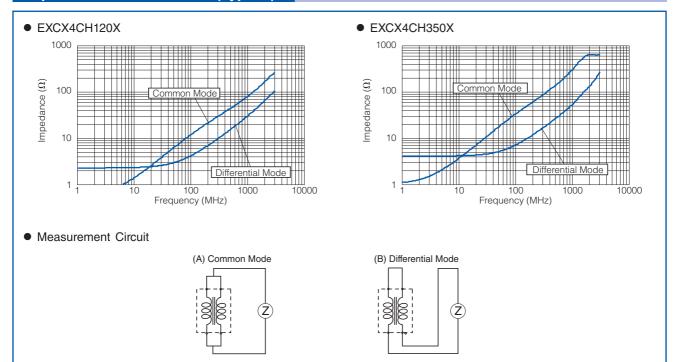


Ratings

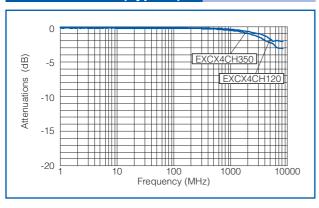
Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz Common Mode	Rated Voltage (V DC)	Rated Current (mA DC)	DC Resistance (Ω) max.
EXCX4CH120X	EXCX4CH120X 12 $\Omega \pm 5 \Omega$		100	2.0
EXCX4CH350X	35 Ω±30 %	5	100	2.7

• Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

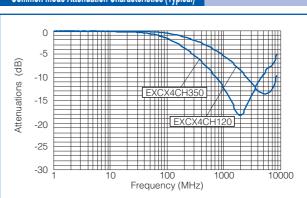
Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



Insertion Loss (Typical)



Common mode Attenuation Characteristics (Typical)





Type: **EXCX4CE**



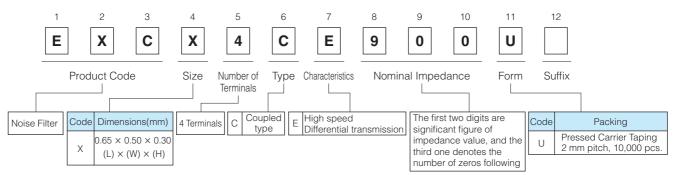
Features

- Small and thin (L 0.65 mm×W 0.50 mm×H 0.30 mm)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential transmission lines with little influence of waveform rounding on signal transmission
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

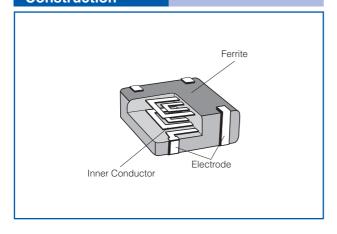
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as MIPI, USB and LVDS

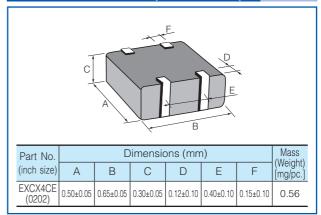




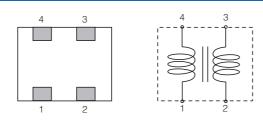
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)



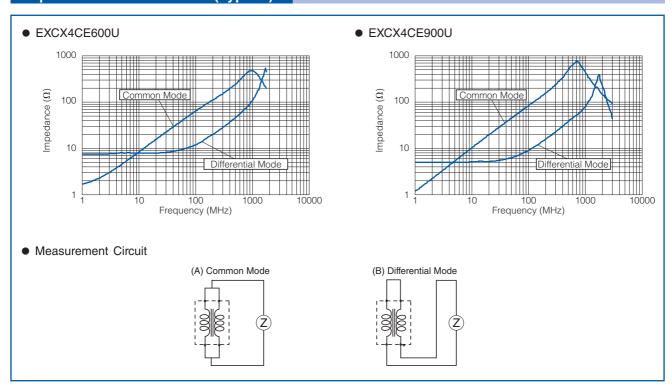


Ratings

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
Part Number	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXCX4CE600U	60 Ω±20 %	18 Ω max.	5	100	2.4±30 %
EXCX4CE900U	90 Ω±20 %	20 Ω max.	5	100	3.0±30 %

● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)





Type: **EXCX4CT**



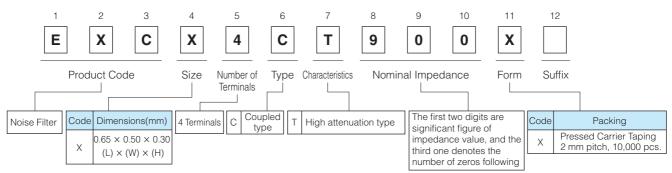
Features

- Small and thin (L 0.65 mm×W 0.50 mm×H 0.30 mm)
- High attenuation at common-mode for noise suppression of harmonic signal components and cellular frequency
- Cut-off frequency is more than 3 GHz, the insertion loss is low in differential transmission line
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

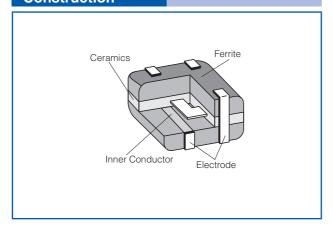
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as MIPI, USB and LVDS

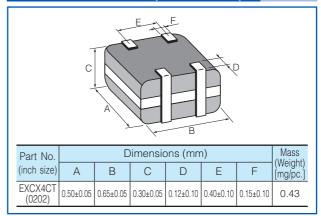




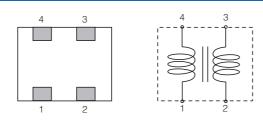
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

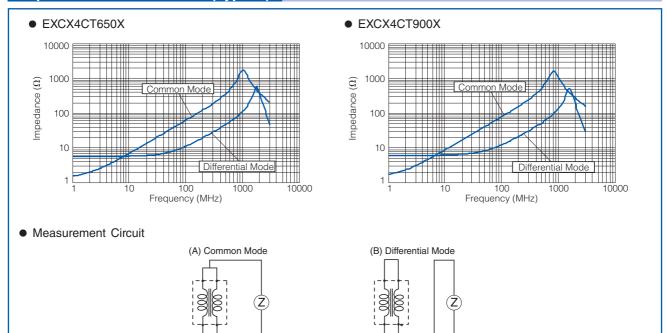


Ratings

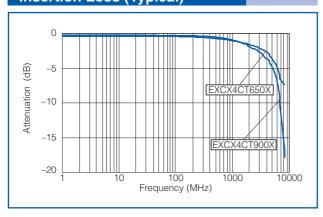
Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz Common Mode	Rated Voltage (V DC)	Rated Current (mA DC)	DC Resistance (Ω)
EXCX4CT650X 65 Ω±20 %		10	100	2.7 Ω±30 %
EXCX4CT900X	90 Ω±20 %	10	100	3.0 Ω±30 %

● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

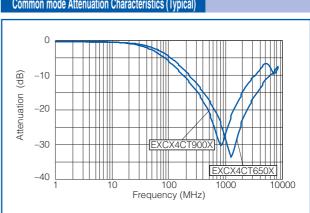
Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



Insertion Loss (Typical)



Common mode Attenuation Characteristics (Typical)





Type: **EXC14CH**



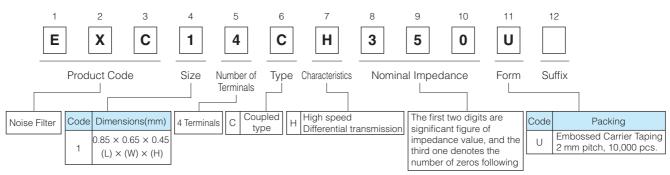
Features

- Small and thin (L 0.85 mm×W 0.65 mm×H 0.45 mm)
- High common mode attenuation in high-speed differential transmission lines, Cut-off frequency is more than 8.5 GHz, and an influence to differential transmission signal quality is little
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

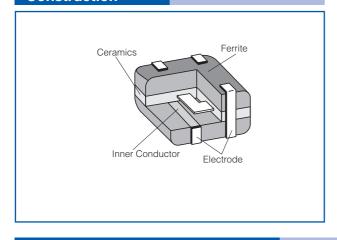
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as USB, LVDS and HDMI

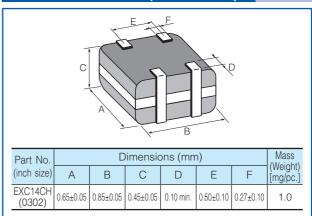




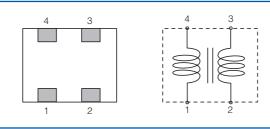
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

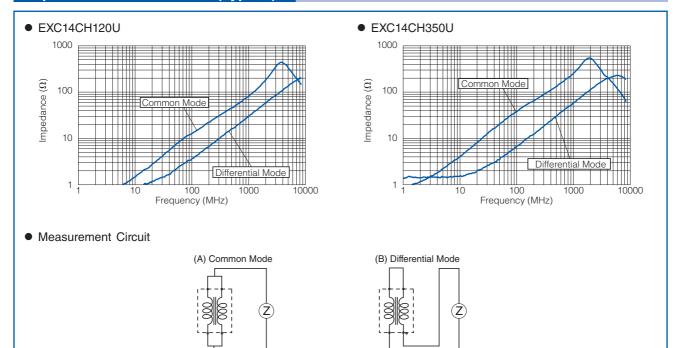


Ratings

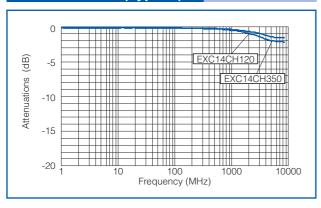
Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
Part Number	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC14CH120U	12 Ω±25 %	10 Ω max.	5	100	1.0
EXC14CH350U	35 Ω±30 %	15 Ω max.	5	100	1.5

● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

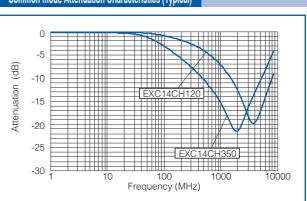
Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



Insertion Loss (Typical)



Common mode Attenuation Characteristics (Typical)





Type: **EXC14CG EXC14CE**



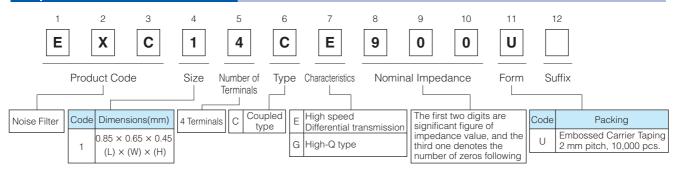
Features

- Small and thin (L 0.85 mm×W 0.65 mm×H 0.45 mm)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential transmission lines with little influence of waveform rounding on signal transmission
- Low DC resistance and low insertion loss
- High-Q value and high impedance of GHz zone : EXC14CG type
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

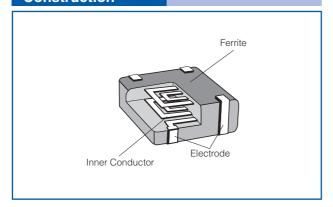
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as USB, LVDS and MHL

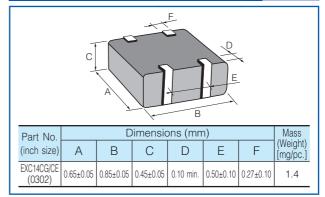
Explanation of Part Numbers



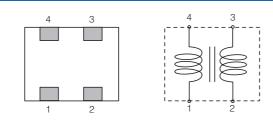
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration(No Polarity)

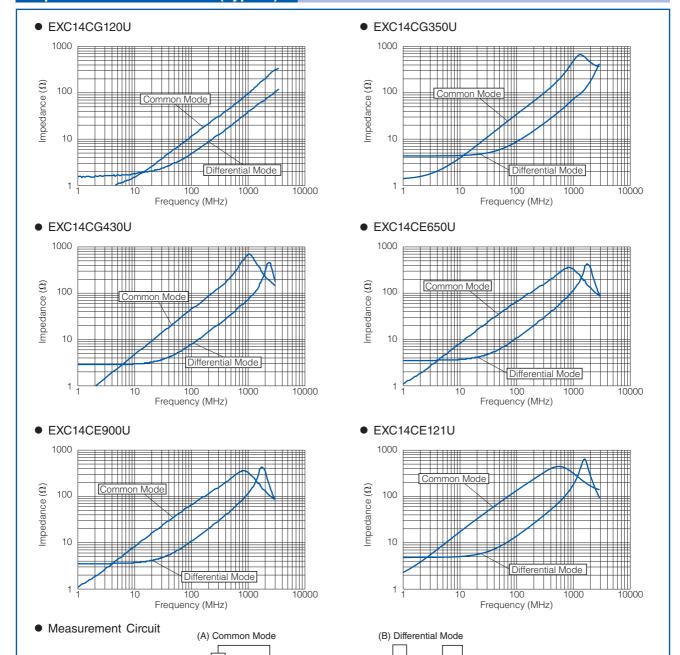


Ratings

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
rait Number	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC14CG120U	12 Ω±30 %	10 Ω max.	5	130	2.0
EXC14CG350U	35 Ω±30 %	15 Ω max.	5	100	2.0
EXC14CG430U	43 Ω±25 %	15 Ω max.	5	100	2.7
EXC14CE650U	65 Ω±20 %	20 Ω max.	5	130	2.5
EXC14CE900U	90 Ω±20 %	20 Ω max.	5	130	2.5
EXC14CE121U	120 Ω±20 %	20 Ω max.	5	100	3.8

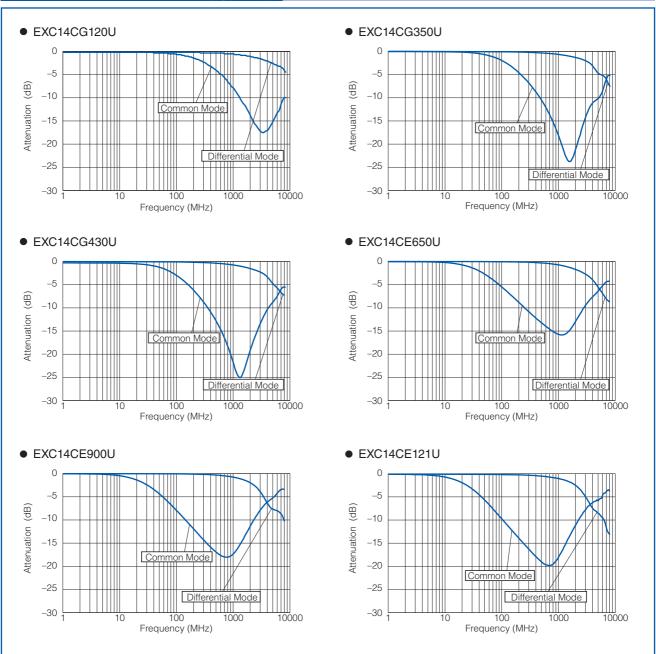
● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



 (\mathbf{Z})

Attenuation Characteristics (Typical)





Type: **EXC14CT**



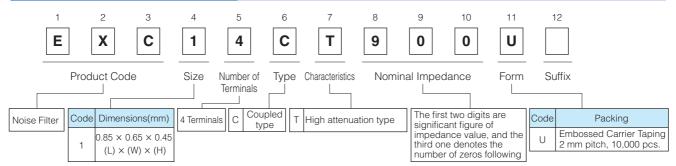
Features

- Small and thin (L 0.85 mm×W 0.65 mm×H 0.45 mm)
- High attenuation at common-mode for noise suppression of harmonic signal components and cellular frequency
- High cut-off frequency and capability of coping with high-speed signals (USB and HDMI)
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

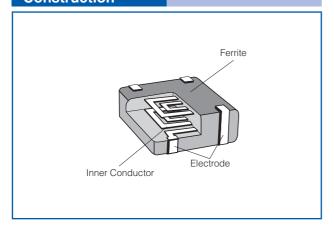
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as MIPI, USB and LVDS

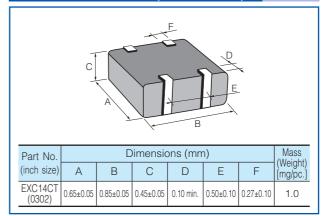




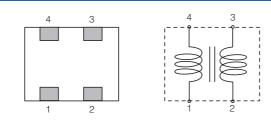
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

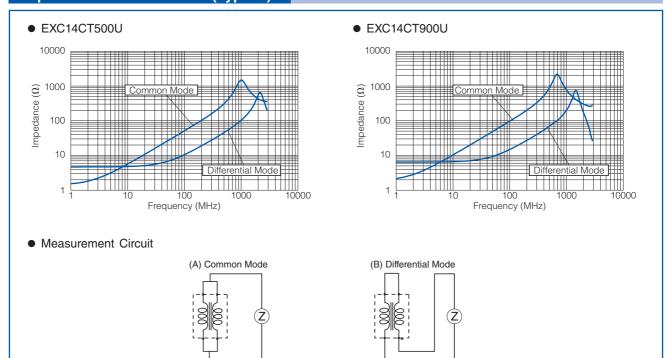


Ratings

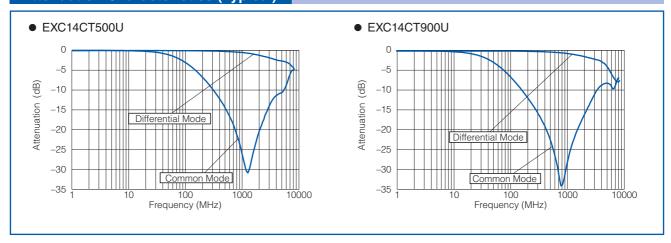
Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
Part Number	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC14CT500U	50 Ω±25 %	17 Ω max.	5	100	2.3 Ω±30 %
EXC14CT900U	90 Ω±20 %	20 Ω max.	5	100	3.3 Ω±30 %

● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



Attenuation Characteristics (Typical)





Type: **EXC14CX**

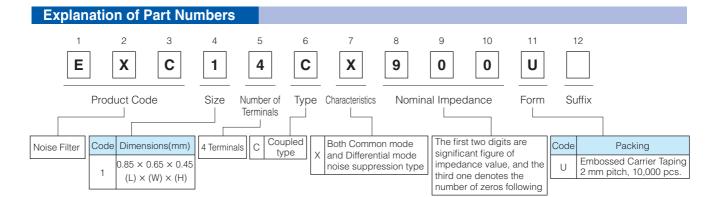


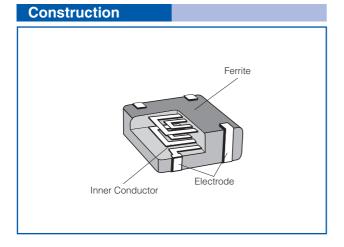
Features

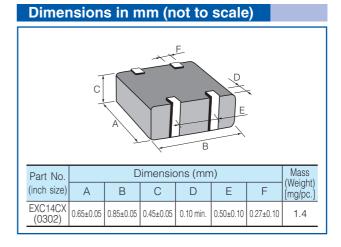
- Small and thin (L 0.85 mm×W 0.65 mm×H 0.45 mm)
- Effective noise suppression of smartphones by eliminating common mode noises and removing differential signal components
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

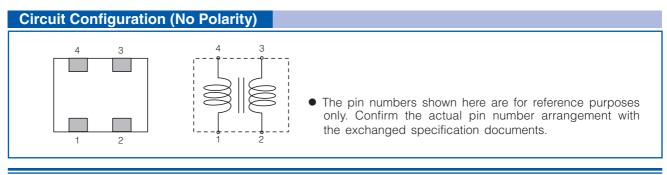
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as MIPI, USB and LVDS







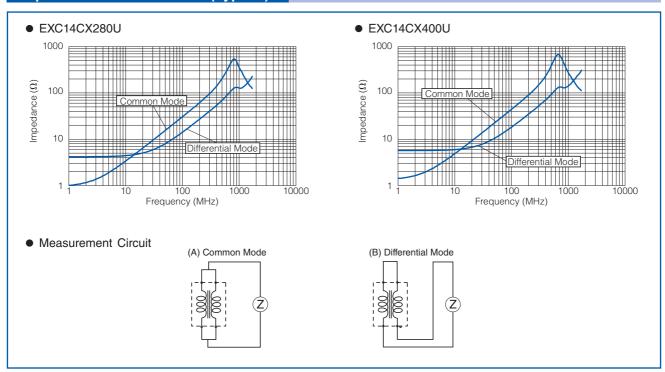


Ratings

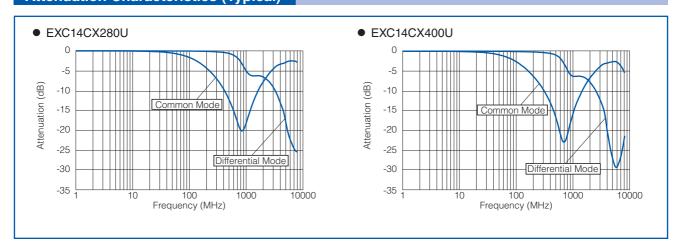
Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
Part Number	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC14CX280U	28 Ω±25 %	25 Ω max.	5	100	3.0
EXC14CX400U	40 Ω±25 %	30 Ω max.	5	100	4.0

• Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



Attenuation Characteristics (Typical)





Type: **EXC24CH**

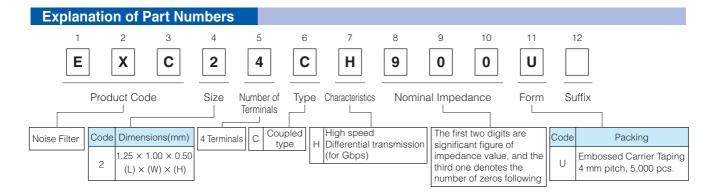


Features

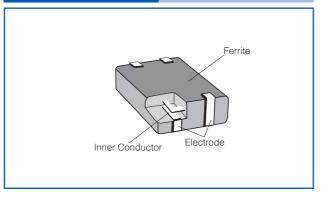
- Small and thin type, built-in filter circuit (L 1.25 mm×W 1.00 mm×H 0.50 mm)
- Suppression of high frequency noise with little influence of waveform rounding on signal transmission, achieved by setting high cut-off frequency between 6 and 10 GHz
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

Recommended Applications

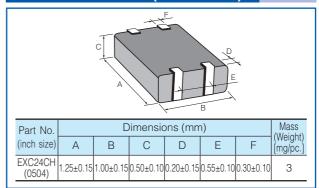
- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD), Communications equipment (Mobile phones, Smartphones)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as USB 3.0, HDMI and Display Port



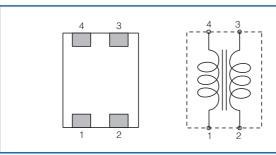








Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

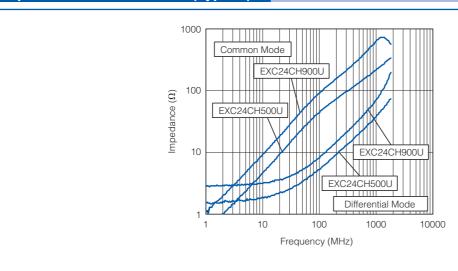


Ratings

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz	Catoff Frequency	Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
i art ivumber	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(GHz)	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC24CH500U	50 Ω±25 %	13 Ω max.	10 Typ.	5	160	1.5
EXC24CH900U	90 Ω±20 %	15 Ω max.	6 Тур.	5	130	2.5

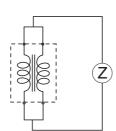
• Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)

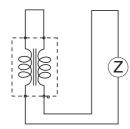


Measurement Circuit

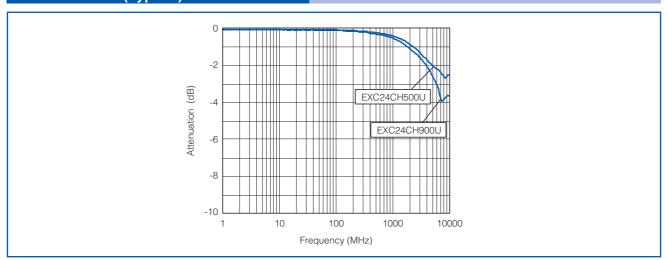
(A) Common Mode



(B) Differential Mode



Insertion Loss (Typical)





Type: **EXC24CG**



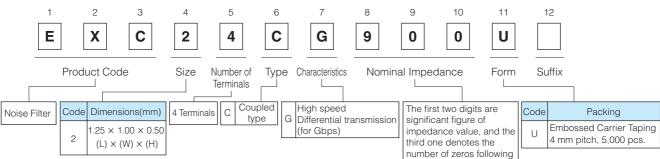
Features

- Elimination of radiation noises from high-speed differential transmissions
- ullet Prevention of reflection of transmission signals and noise radiation by controlling TDR characteristic impedance as 100 Ω
- Satisfaction of eye pattern standards of HDMI waveforms with capability to improve waveform fluctuations of skew and overshoot
- Simple multilayer structure, excellent mass productivity and high reliability
- Small and thin (L 1.25 mm×W 1.00 mm×H 0.50 mm)
- RoHS compliant

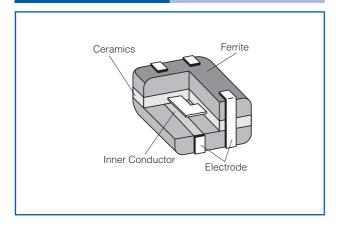
Recommended Applications

- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD), Communications equipment (Mobile phones, Smartphones)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as HDMI, SATA and LAN

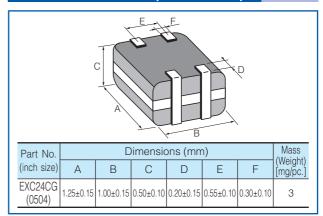




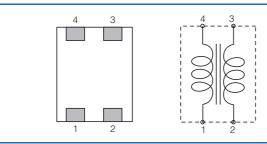
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

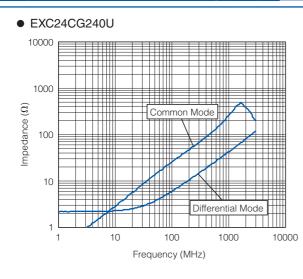


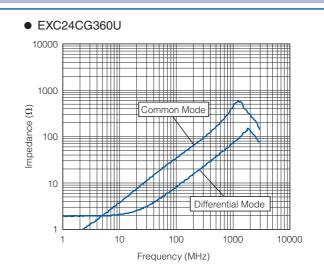
Ratings

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC24CG240U	24 Ω±25 %	15 Ω max.	5	160	1.5
EXC24CG360U	36 Ω±25 %	15 Ω max.	5	130	1.7
EXC24CG900U	90 Ω±25 %	20 Ω max.	5	100	3.0

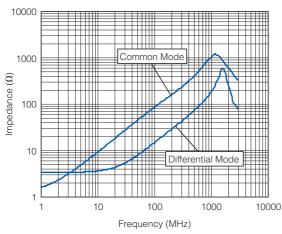
● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



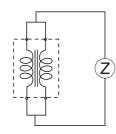


● EXC24CG900U

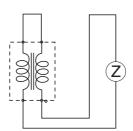


Measurement Circuit

(A) Common Mode



(B) Differential Mode





Type: **EXC24CE EXC24CF**



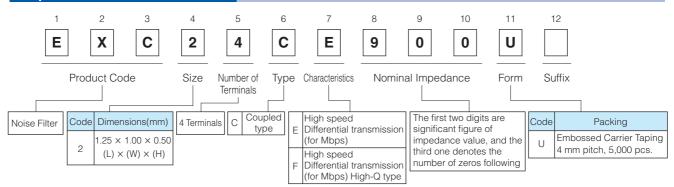
Features

- Elimination of radiation noises from high-speed differential transmissions
- Strong multilayer structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Magnetic shield type with no leakage
- High-Q impedance : EXC24CF
- Small and thin (L 1.25 mm×W 1.00 mm×H 0.50 mm)
- RoHS compliant

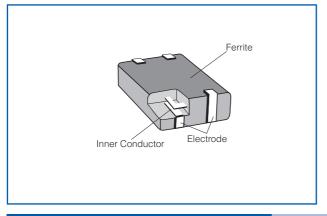
Recommended Applications

- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD, Printers), Communications equipment (Mobile phones, Smartphones)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as USB2.0 and LVDS

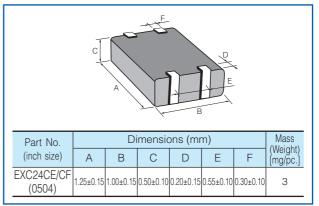
Explanation of Part Numbers



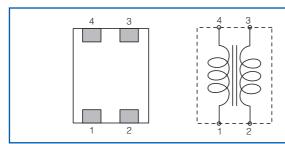
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

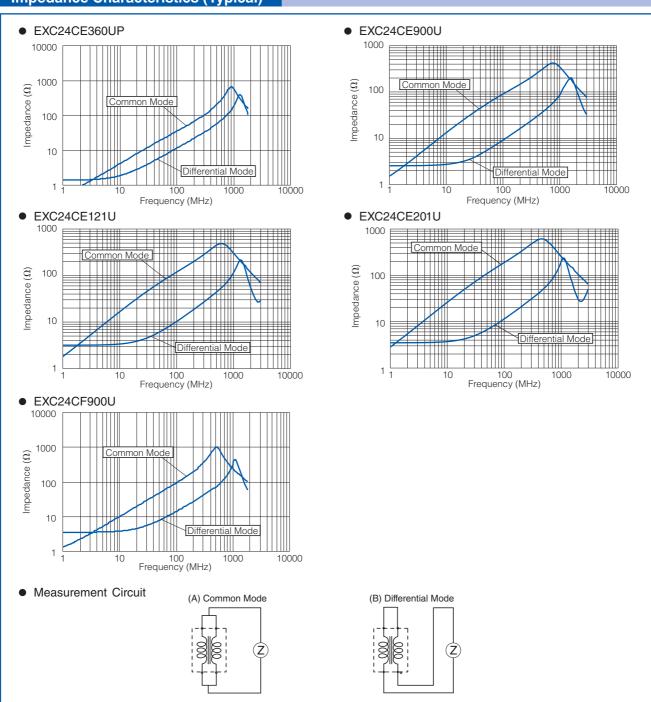


Ratings

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
rait Number	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC24CE360UP	36 Ω±25 %	20 Ω max.	5	200	1.0
EXC24CE900U	90 Ω±25 %	15 Ω max.	5	160	1.75
EXC24CE121U	120 Ω±25 %	18 Ω max.	5	140	2.2
EXC24CE201U	200 Ω±25 %	20 Ω max.	5	130	2.7
EXC24CF900U	90 Ω±25 %	20 Ω max.	5	130	2.5

● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)





Type: **EXC34CG/CE**



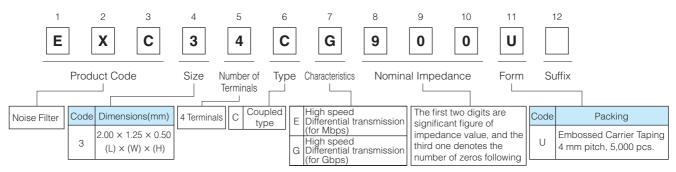
Features

- Thin type, built-in filter circuit (L 2.0 mm×W 1.25 mm×H 0.50 mm)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential transmission lines with little influence of waveform rounding on signal transmission
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

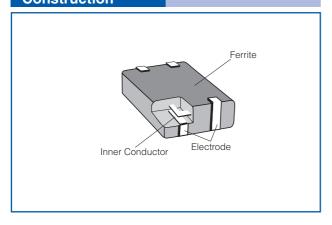
Recommended Applications

- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD, Printers)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as USB2.0, LVDS, HDMI and LAN

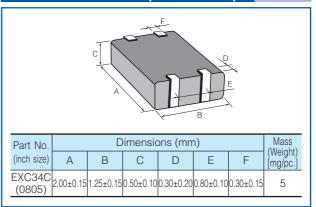
Explanation of Part Numbers



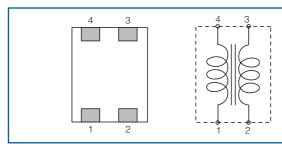
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

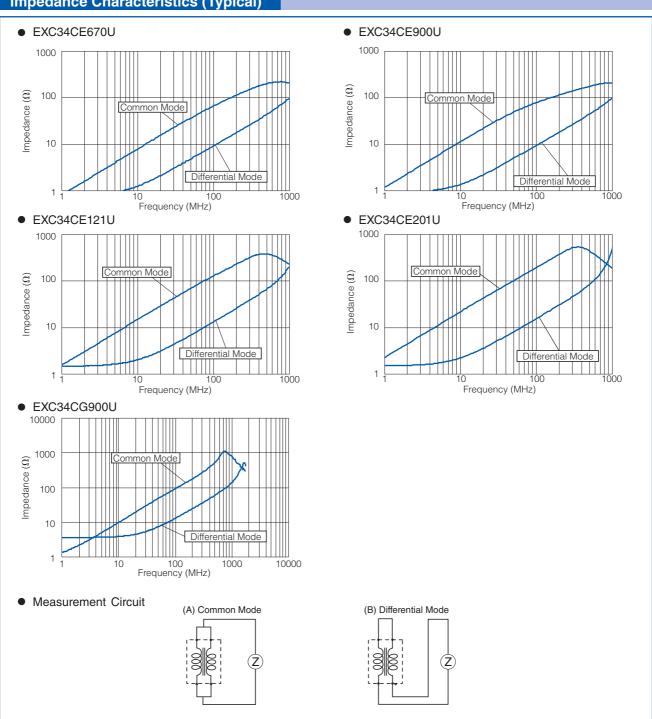


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Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz Common Mode	Rated Current (mA DC)	Rated Voltage (V DC)	Insulation Resistance (M Ω min.)	Withstand Voltage (V DC)	DC Resistance (Ω) max.
EXC34CE670U	67 Ω±25 %	250	5	10 MΩ	125	0.8
EXC34CE900U	90 Ω±25 %	250	5	10 MΩ	125	0.8
EXC34CE121U	120 Ω±25 %	200	5	10 MΩ	125	1.0
EXC34CE201U	200 Ω±25 %	200	5	10 MΩ	125	1.0
EXC34CG900U	90 Ω±25 %	100	5	10 MΩ	125	3.0

● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



Type: **EXC18CG EXC18CE**



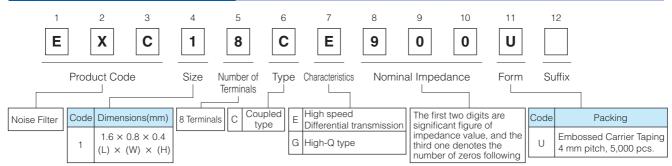
Features

- Small and thin type, two built-in filter circuit (L 1.6 mm×W 0.8 mm×H 0.4 mm)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential transmission lines with little influence of waveform rounding on signal transmission
- Low DC resistance and low insertion loss
- High-Q value and high impedance of GHz zone: EXC18CG type
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

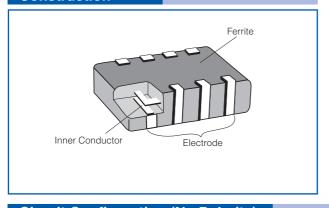
Recommended Applications

- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD, Printers)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as USB2.0, LVDS, HDMI and LAN

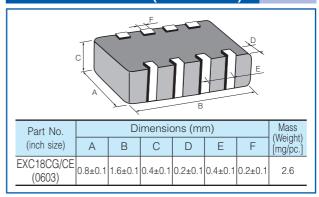




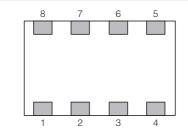
Construction

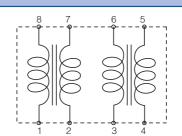


Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)



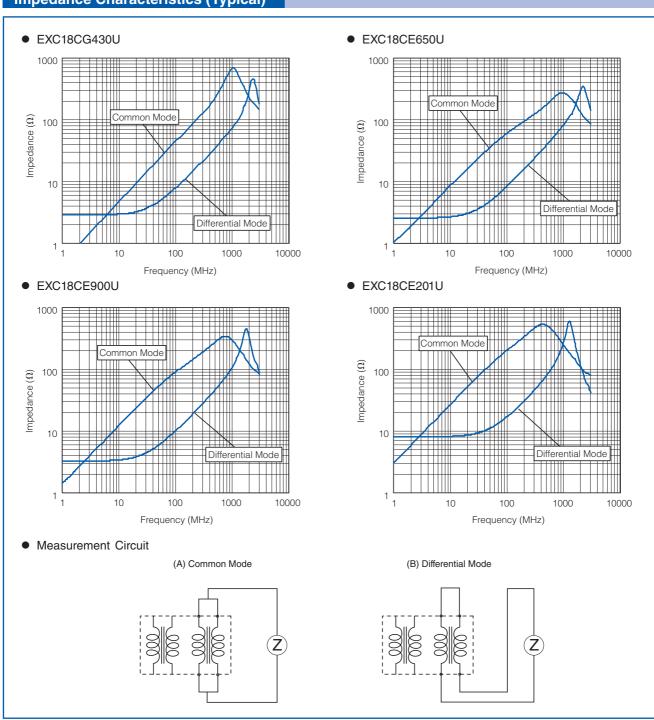


Ratings

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC18CG430U	43 Ω±25 %	15 Ω max.	5	100	2.7
EXC18CE650U	65 Ω±20 %	18 Ω max.	5	140	1.8
EXC18CE900U	90 Ω±20 %	20 Ω max.	5	130	2.0
EXC18CE201U	200 Ω±20 %	22 Ω max.	5	100	3.5

• Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



Type: **EXC28CH**

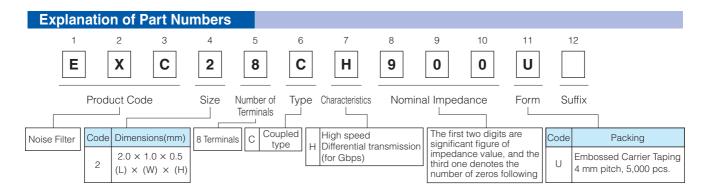


Features

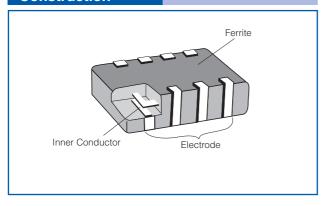
- Small and thin type, two built-in filter circuit (L 2.0 mm×W 1.0 mm×H 0.5 mm)
- Suppression of high frequency noise with little influence of waveform rounding on signal transmission, achieved by setting high cut-off frequency between 6 and 10 GHz
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

Recommended Applications

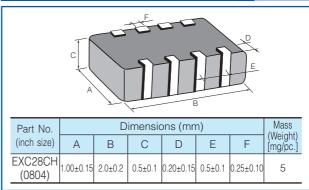
- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD, Printers)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as USB3.0, LVDS, HDMI and LAN



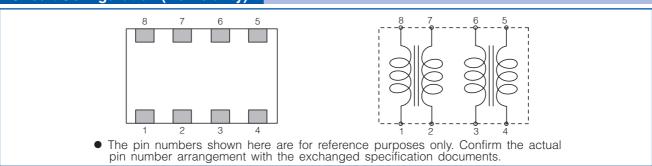




Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



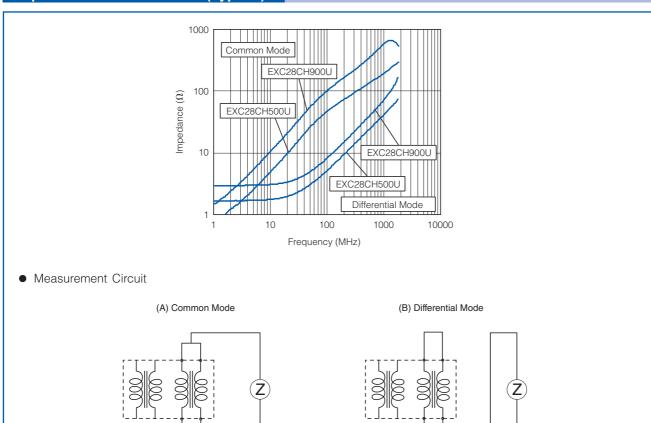
Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)



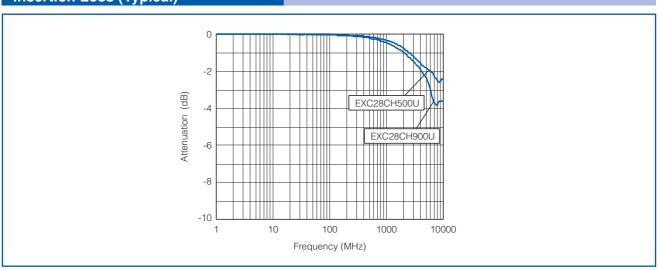
Ratings						
Part Number	Impedance (£	oedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
Part Number	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(GHz)	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC28CH500U	50 Ω±25 %	13 Ω max.	10 Typ.	5	160	1.5
EXC28CH900U	90 Ω±20 %	15 Ω max.	6 Тур.	5	130	2.5

● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



Insertion Loss (Typical)



Type: **EXC28CG**



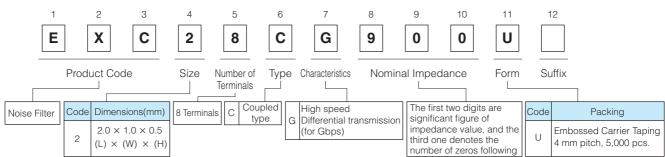
Features

- Small and thin type, two built-in filter circuit (L 2.0 mm×W 1.0 mm×H 0.5 mm)
- Prevention of weakening of transmission signals by controlling singal pass band as 3 GHz or above
- ullet Prevention of reflection of transmission signals and noise radiation by controlling TDR characteristic impedance as 100 Ω
- Satisfaction of eye pattern standards of HDMI waveforms with capability to improve waveform fluctuations of Jitter and phase shift etc
- Elimination of radiation noises from high-speed differential transmissions
- Magnetic shield type with no leakage
- RoHS compliant

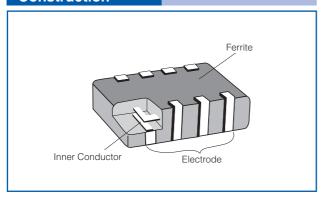
Recommended Applications

- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD), Communications equipment (Mobile phones, Smartphones)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as HDMI, SATA and LAN

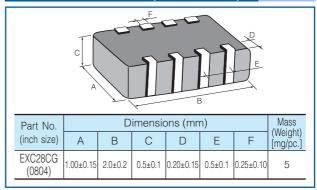




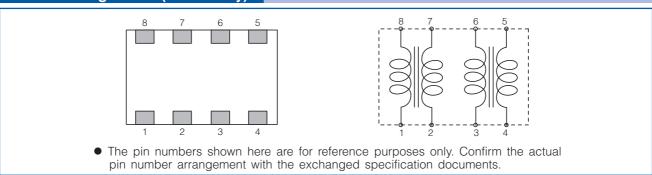
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

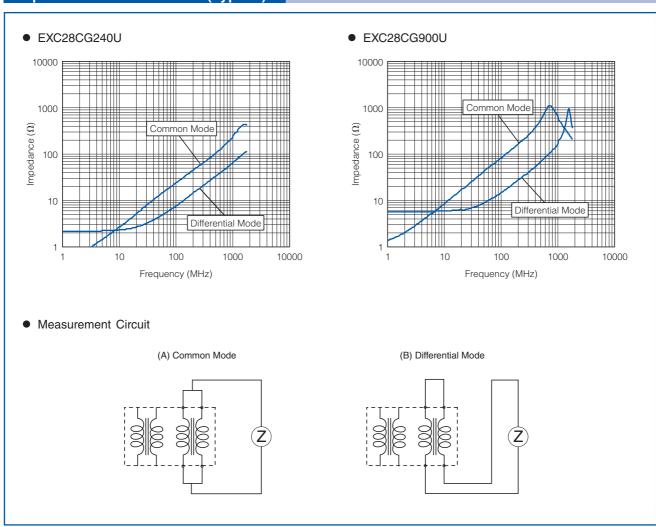


Ratings

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω)max.
EXC28CG240U	24 Ω ±25 %	15 Ω max.	5	160	1.5
EXC28CG900U	90 Ω ±25 %	17 Ω max.	5	130	3.0

• Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



Type: **EXC28CE**



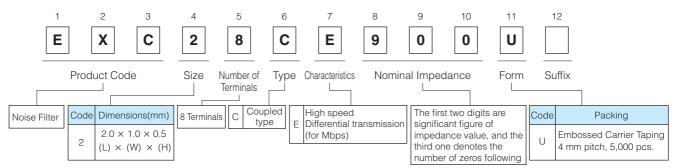
Features

- Small and thin type, two built-in filter circuit (L 2.0 mm×W 1.0 mm×H 0.5 mm)
- Elimination of radiation noises from high-speed differential transmissions
- Magnetic shield type with no leakage
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

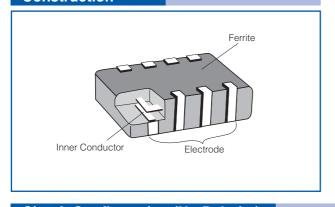
Recommended Applications

- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD, Printers), Communications equipment (Mobile phones, Smartphones)
- Noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as USB2.0 and LVDS

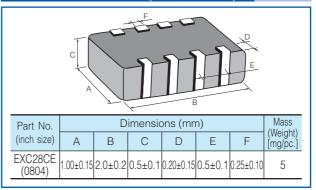
Explanation of Part Numbers



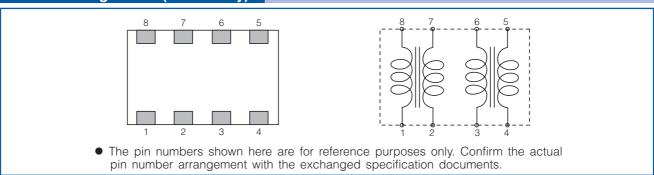
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

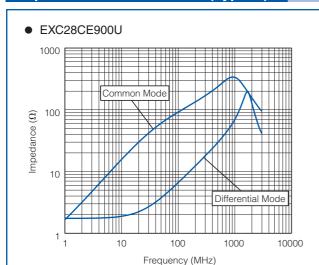


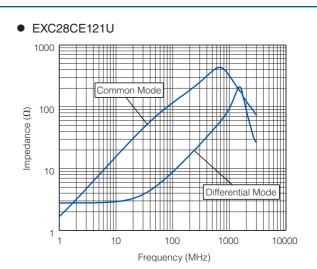
Ratings

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) at 100 MHz		Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC28CE900U	90 Ω±25 %	15 Ω max.	5	160	1.5
EXC28CE121U	120 Ω±25 %	18 Ω max.	5	140	2.0
EXC28CE201U	200 Ω±25 %	20 Ω max.	5	130	2.5

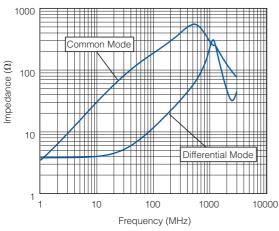
• Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



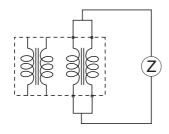


EXC28CE201U

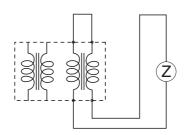


Measurement Circuit

(A) Common Mode



(B) Differential Mode



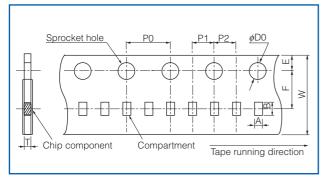
Common mode Noise Filters / Array

Packaging Methods (Taping)

Standard Quantity

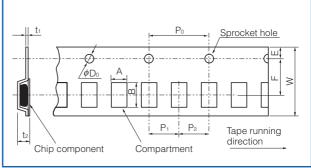
Part Number	Size (inch)	Type	Kind of Taping	Pitch (P ₁)	Quantity
EXCX4C	0202		Pressed Carrier Taping	2 mm	10,000 pcs./reel
EXC14C	0302	Single		2 mm	10,000 pcs./reel
EXC24C	0504	Sirigle		4 mm	5,000 pcs./reel
EXC34C	0805		Embossed Carrier Taping		
EXC18C	0603	Arrov			
EXC28C	0804	0804 Array			

Pressed Carrier Taping EXCX4C

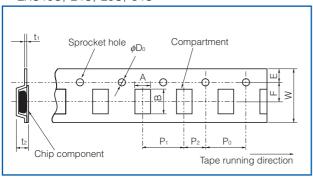


EXC14C

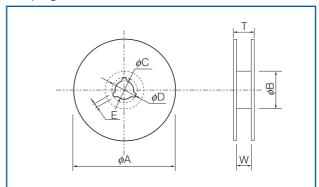
Embossed Carrier Taping



Embossed Carrier Taping EXC18C, 24C, 28C, 34C



Taping Reel



Pressed Carrier Taping

(mm)

Part Number	А	В	W	F	Е	P ₁	P ₂	Po	ϕD_0	Т
EXCX4C	0.60±0.10	0.80±0.10	8.0±0.2	3.50±0.05	1.75±0.10	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.5 ^{+0.1}	0.35 typ.

Embossed Carrier Taping

(mm)

											. ,
Part Number	А	В	W	F	Е	P ₁	P ₂	P ₀	φDo	t ₁	t ₂
EXC14C	0.75±0.10	0.95±0.10	8.0±0.2	3.50±0.05	1.75±0.10	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.5 ^{+0.1}	0.25±0.05	0.85±0.15
EXC18C	1.00±0.10	1.80±0.10									0.80±0.05
EXC24C	1.20±0.15	1.45±0.15	00.00	25.01	1.75±0.10	10.01	20.01	10.01	1.5 ^{+0.1}	0.25 . 0.05	
EXC28C	1.20±0.13	2.25±0.15	0.0±0.2	3.5±0.1	1.75±0.10	4.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.5 0	0.25±0.05	0.90±0.15
EXC34C	1.50±0.20	2.30±0.20									

Taping Reel

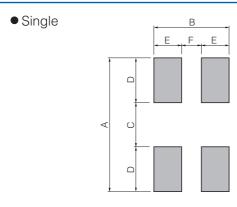
Standard Reel Dimensions

(mm)

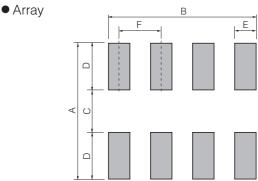
Part Number	φΑ	φB	φC	φD	Е	W	Т
EXCX4C			13.0±0.2				11.4±1.0
EXC14C							
EXC18C	180.0±3.0	60.0±1.0		21.0±0.8	2.0±0.5	9.0±0.3	
EXC24C	100.010.0	00.011.0	13.0±0.5	21.010.0	2.010.0	0.010.0	11.4±1.5
EXC28C							
EXC34C							

Common mode Noise Filters / Array

Recommended Land Pattern Design



Part Number	Dimensions (mm)							
raitivuilibei	А	В	С	D	Е	F		
EXCX4C	0.80 to 0.90	0.60 to 0.75	0.20 to 0.30	0.30	0.20 to 0.25	0.20 to 0.25		
EXC14C	0.80 to 1.00	0.80	0.30	0.25 to 0.35	0.30	0.20		
EXC24C	1.60 to 2.00	0.95	0.70	0.45 to 0.65	0.35	0.25		
EXC34C	2.60	1.20	1.10	0.75	0.40	0.40		

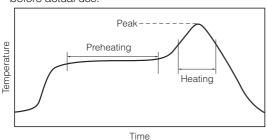


Part Number		D	imensio	ons (mn	า)	
	А	В	С	D	Е	F
EXC18C	1.4	1.4	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.4
EXC28C	1.4	1.75	0.4	0.5	0.25	0.5

Recommended Soldering Conditions

Recommendations and precautions are described below

- Recommended soldering conditions for reflow
- Reflow soldering shall be performed a maximum of two times.
- · Please contact us for additional information when used in conditions other than those specified.
- · Please measure the temperature of the terminals and study every kind of solder and printed circuit board for solderability before actual use.



For soldering (Example: Sn-37Pb)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	140 °C to 160 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 200 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	235 ± 10 °C	max. 10 s

For lead-free soldering (Example: Sn/3Ag/0.5Cu)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	150 °C to 170 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 230 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s

Flow soldering

We do not recommend flow soldering, because flow soldering may cause bridges between the electrodes.

- <Repair with hand soldering>
- Preheat with a blast of hot air or similar method. Use a soldering iron with a tip temperature of 350 °C or less. Solder each electrode for 3 seconds or less.
- Never touch this product with the tip of a soldering iron.

Safety Precations

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for EMC Components in this catalog.

- 1. Use rosin-based flux or halogen-free flux.
- 2. For cleaning, use an alcohol-based cleaning agent. Before using any other type, consult with our sales person in advance.
- 3. Do not apply shock to Common mode Noise Filters (hereafter called the filters) or pinch them with a hard tool (e.g. pliers and tweezers). Otherwise, their bodies may be chipped, affecting their performance. Excessive mechanical stress may damage the filters. Handle with care.
- 4. Store the filters in a location with a temperature ranging from -5 °C to +40 °C and a relative humidity of 40 % to 60 %, where there are no rapid changes in temperature or humidity.
- 5. Use the filters within a year after the date of the outgoing inspection indicated on the packages.

Common mode Noise Filters with ESD Suppressor

Type: **EXC14CS**



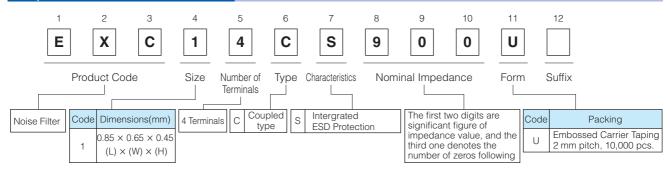
Features

- Provides EMI Filtering and ESD Potection (L 0.85 mm×W 0.65 mm×H 0.45 mm)
- ESD and noise suppression of high-speed differential transmission lines with little influence of waveform rounding on signal transmission
- High Common mode attenuation in the range between 700 MHz and 1 GHz (RF band)
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

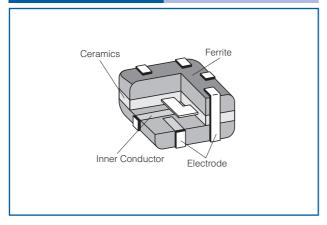
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- ESD and noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as MIPI and USB

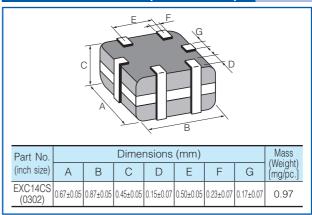
Explanation of Part Numbers



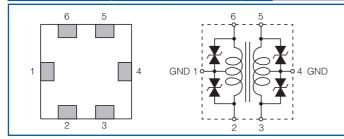
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration(No Polarity)



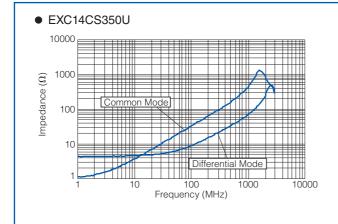
The pin numbers shown here are for reference purposes only. Confirm the actual pin number arrangement with the exchanged specification documents.

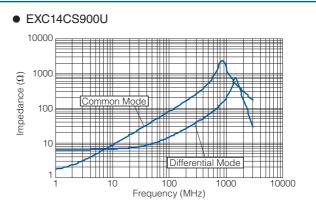
Ratings

Part Number	Impedance	e (Ω) at 100 MHz	Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω)
EXC14CS350U	35 Ω±30 %	15 Ω max.	5	100	2.0±30 %
EXC14CS900U	90 Ω±20 %	20 Ω max.	5	100	3.3±30 %

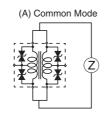
● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

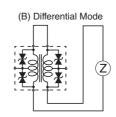
Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



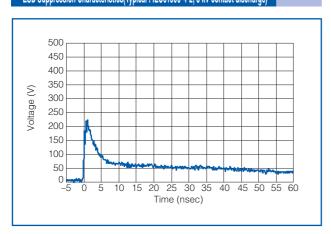


Measurement Circuit

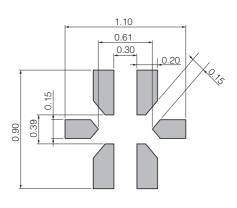




ESD Suppression Characteristics(Typical : IEC61000-4-2, 8 kV contact discharge)



Recommended Land Pattern Design in mm (not to scale)



■ As for Packaging Methods, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

Common mode Noise Filters with ESD Suppressor

Type: **EXC24CS**



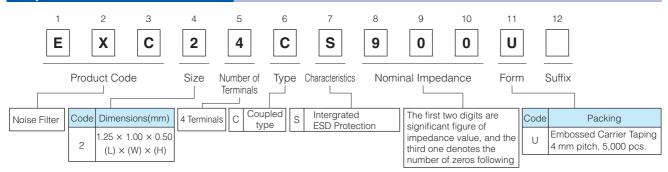
Features

- Provides EMI Filtering and ESD Potection (L 1.25 mm×W 1.00 mm×H 0.50 mm)
- ESD and noise suppression of high-speed differential transmission lines with little influence of waveform rounding on signal transmission
- High Common mode attenuation in the range between 700 MHz and 1 GHz (RF band)
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

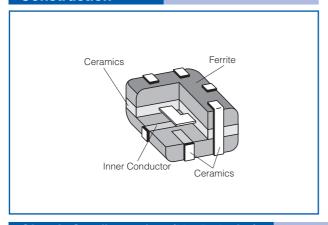
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- ESD and noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as MIPI and USB

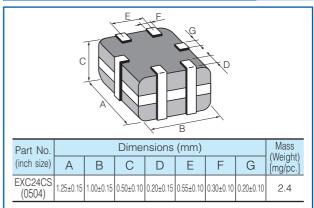
Explanation of Part Numbers



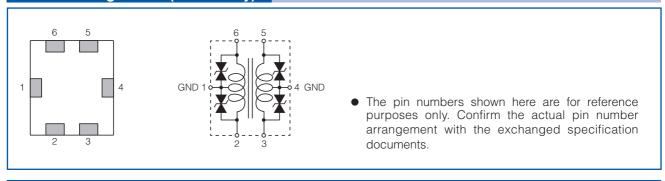
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

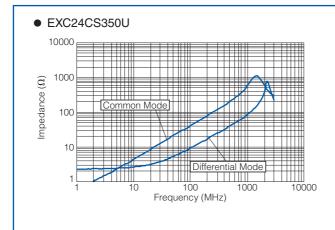


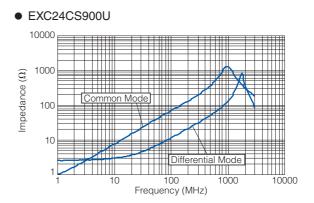
Ratings

Part Number	Impedance	e (Ω) at 100 MHz	Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC24CS350U	35 Ω±30 %	15 Ω max.	5	100	2.0
EXC24CS900U	90 Ω±20 %	20 Ω max.	5	100	3.0

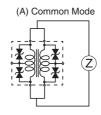
Category Temperature Range −40 °C to +85 °C

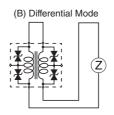
Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



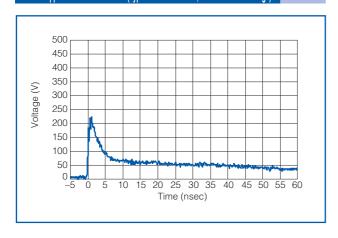


Measurement Circuit

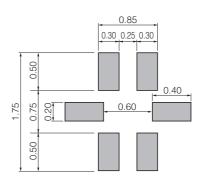




ESD Suppression Characteristics(Typical : IEC61000-4-2, 8 kV contact discharge)



Recommended Land Pattern Design in mm (not to scale)



■ As for Packaging Methods, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

Panasonic

Common mode Noise Filter Array with ESD Suppressor

Type: **EXC18CS**



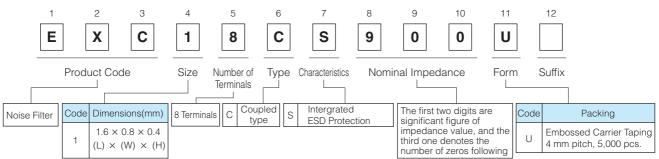
Features

- Provides EMI Filtering and ESD Potection (L 1.6 mm×W 0.8 mm×H 0.4 mm)
- ESD and noise suppression of high-speed differential transmission lines with little influence of waveform rounding on signal transmission
- High Common mode attenuation in the range between 700 MHz and 1 GHz (RF band)
- Strong multilayer/sintered structure, excellent reflow resistance and high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen and antimony-free
- RoHS compliant

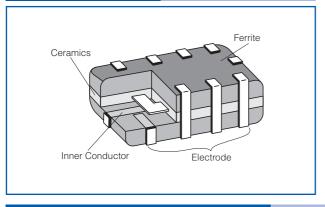
Recommended Applications

- Smartphones, Tablet PCs and DSC
- ESD and noise suppression of high-speed differential data lines such as MIPI and USB

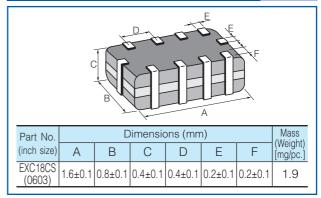




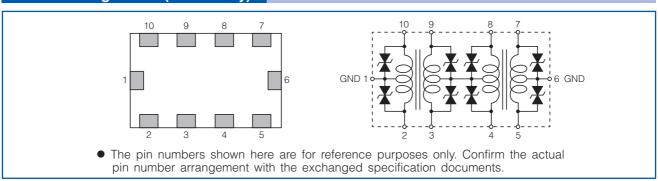
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)

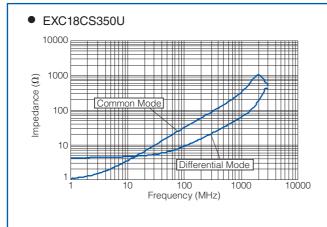


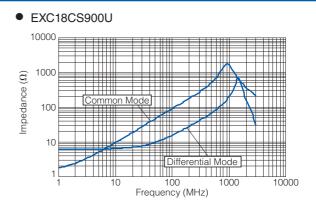
R	a	ti	n	g	S

Part Number	Impedance	e (Ω) at 100 MHz	Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
	Common Mode	Differential Mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω)
EXC18CS350U	35 Ω±30 %	15 Ω max.	5	100	1.8±30 %
EXC18CS900U	90 Ω±20 %	20 Ω max.	5	100	3.0±30 %

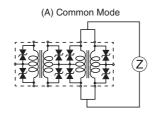
● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

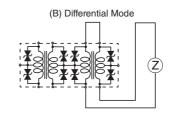
Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



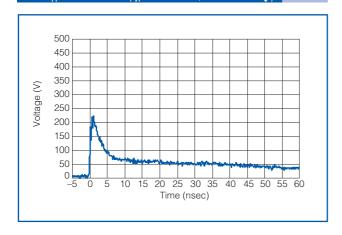


Measurement Circuit

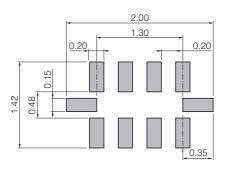




ESD Suppression Characteristics(Typical: IEC61000-4-2, 8 kV contact discharge



Recommended Land Pattern Design in mm (not to scale)



■ As for Packaging Methods, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files

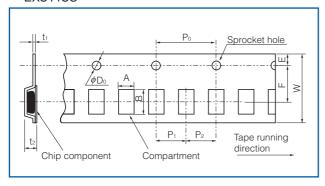
Common mode Noise Filters with ESD Suppressor

Packaging Methods (Taping)

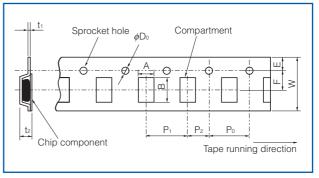
Standard Quantity

Part Number	Size (inch)	Type	Kind of Taping	Pitch (P ₁)	Quantity	
EXC14CS	0302	Single		2 mm	10,000 pcs./reel	
EXC24CS	0504	Single	Embossed Carrier Taping	1 mm	5,000 pcs./reel	
EXC18CS	EXC18CS 0603	Array		4 mm		

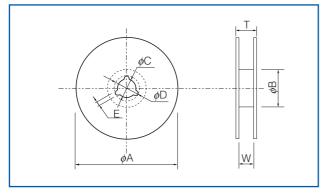
Embossed Carrier Taping EXC14CS



Embossed Carrier Taping EXC18CS, EXC24CS



Taping Reel



Embossed Carrier Taping

(mm)

Part Number	А	В	W	F	Е	P ₁	P ₂	P ₀	φDo	t ₁	t ₂
EXC14CS	0.75±0.10	0.95±0.10	8.0±0.2	3.50±0.05	1.75±0.10	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.5+0.1	0.25±0.05	0.85±0.15
EXC18CS	1.00±0.10	1.80±0.10	00.00	3.5±0.1	1.75±0.10	4.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.5+0.1	0.25 , 0.05	0.50±0.05
EXC24CS	1.20±0.15	1.45±0.15	0.0±0.2							0.25±0.05	0.90±0.15

Taping Reel

Standard Reel Dimensions

(mm)

Part Number	φA	φB	φC	φD	Е	W	Т
EXC14CS EXC18CS EXC24CS	180.0±3.0	60.0±1.0	13.0±0.5	21.0±0.8	2.0±0.5	9.0±0.3	11.4±1.5

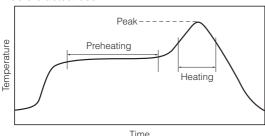


Common mode Noise Filters with ESD Suppressor

Recommended Soldering Conditions

Recommendations and precautions are described below

- Recommended soldering conditions for reflow
- · Reflow soldering shall be performed a maximum of two times.
- Please contact us for additional information when used in conditions other than those specified.
- Please measure the temperature of the terminals and study every kind of solder and printed circuit board for solderability before actual use.



For soldering (Example : Sn-37Pb)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	140 °C to 160 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 200 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	235 ± 10 °C	max. 10 s

For lead-free soldering (Example: Sn/3Ag/0.5Cu)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	150 °C to 170 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 230 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s

- Flow soldering
- · We do not recommend flow soldering, because flow soldering may cause bridges between the electrodes.

<Repair with hand soldering>

- Preheat with a blast of hot air or similar method. Use a soldering iron with a tip temperature of 350 °C or less. Solder each electrode for 3 seconds or less.
- Never touch this product with the tip of a soldering iron.

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for EMC Components in this catalog.

- 1. Use rosin-based flux or halogen-free flux.
- 2. For cleaning, use an alcohol-based cleaning agent. Before using any other type, consult with our sales person in advance.
- 3. Do not apply shock to Common mode Noise Filters (hereafter called the filters) or pinch them with a hard tool (e.g. pliers and tweezers). Otherwise, their bodies may be chipped, affecting their performance. Excessive mechanical stress may damage the filters. Handle with care.
- 4. Store the filters in a location with a temperature ranging from -5 °C to +40 °C and a relative humidity of 40 % to 60 %, where there are no rapid changes in temperature or humidity.
- 5. Use the filters within a year after the date of the outgoing inspection indicated on the packages.



2 mode Noise Filters

Type: **EXC14CP**

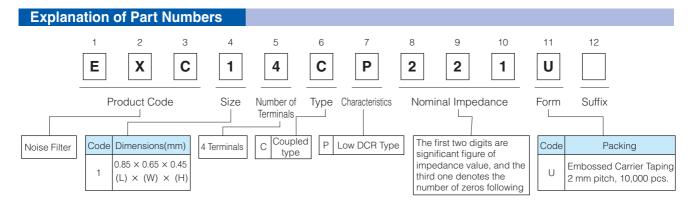


Features

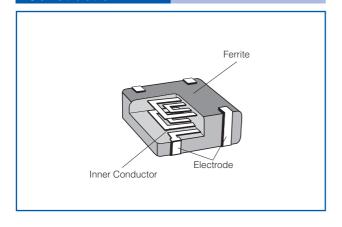
- Small size and low-profile: 0302 inch size (L 0.85 mm×W 0.65 mm×H 0.45 mm)
- Burst/radiation noise filtering for audio circuits
- The optimally magnetic-coupled ferrite beads allow for the filtering of both common and normal mode noises
- The strong multi-layer structure provides high resistance to reflow soldering heat and a high mounting reliability
- Lead, halogen, and antimony free
- RoHS compliant

Recommended Applications

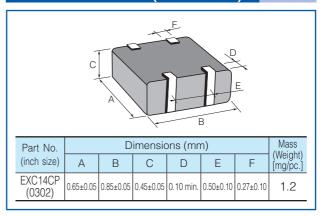
- Smart phones, Tablet PCs, DSC and Portable Music Player
- Noise suppression of burst noise of Receiver/Microphone and D-class power amplifier



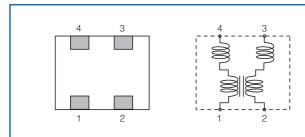
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)



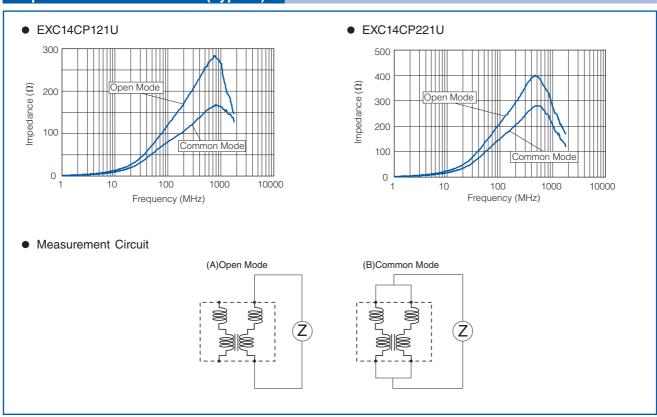
 The pin numbers shown here are for reference purposes only. Confirm the actual pin number arrangement with the exchanged specification documents.



Ratings	Ratings												
Part Number	Impedanc	e(Ω) at 100 MHz	Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance								
	Open mode	Common mode	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.								
EXC14CP121U	120 Ω±30 %	75 Ω±25 %	5	300	0.5								
EXC14CP221U	220 Ω±30 %	140 Ω±25 %	3	200	0.7								

● Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



■ As for Packaging Methods, Land Pattern, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions, Please see Data Files



2 mode Noise Filters

Type: EXC24CB/CP EXC24CN

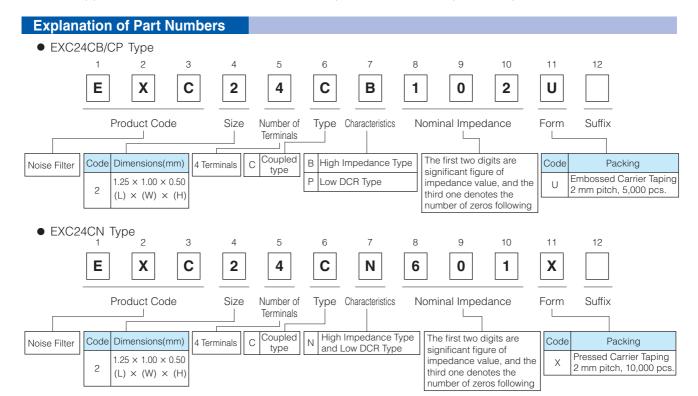


Features

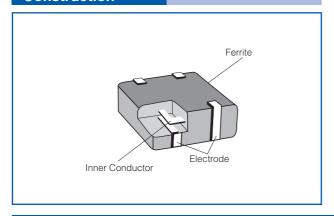
- Burst/radiation noise filtering for audio circuits
- The optimally magnetic-coupled ferrite beads allow for the filtering of both common and normal mode noises
- The strong multi-layer structure provides high resistance to reflow soldering heat and a high mounting reliability
- Magnetic shield type
- High Impedance : 220 to 1 k Ω (EXC24CB type)
- Low Resistance Value : 0.4 Ω max. (EXC24CP type)
- ullet High Impedance : 600 Ω , Low Resistance Value : 0.9 Ω max. (EXC24CN type)
- RoHS compliant

Recommended Applications

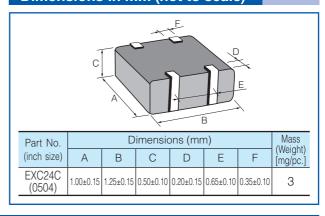
- Smart phones, Tablet PCs, DSC and Portable Music Player
- Noise suppression of burst noise of Receiver/Microphone and D-class power amplifier



Construction



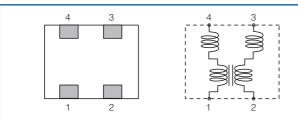
Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Jul 2014



Circuit Configuration (No Polarity)



The pin numbers shown here are for reference purposes only. Confirm the actual pin number arrangement with the exchanged specification documents.

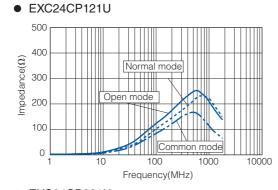
Ratings

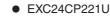
Part Number	Impedance (0	Open mode)	Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance
Fait Number	(Ω) at 100 MHz	Tolerance(%)	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.
EXC24CP121U	120			500	0.3
EXC24CP221U	220	±25	E	350	0.4
EXC24CB221U	220	±25	5	100	0.7
EXC24CB102U	1000			50	1.5

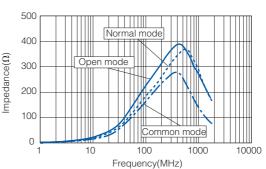
Part Number	Impedance (Co	ommon mode)	Rated Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance	
rait Nullibel	(Ω) at 100 MHz	Tolerance(%)	(V DC)	(mA DC)	(Ω) max.	
EXC24CN601X	600	±25	5	200	0.9	

• Category Temperature Range -40 °C to +85 °C

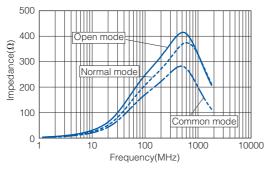
Impedance Characteristics (Typical)



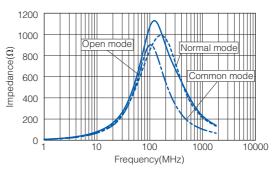




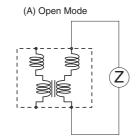




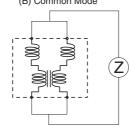
EXC24CB102U



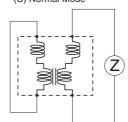
Measurement Circuit





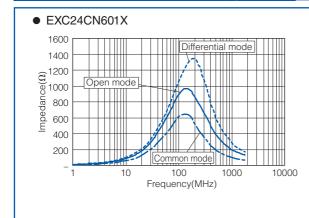


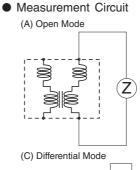
(C) Normal Mode

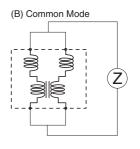


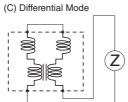
Panasonic

Attenuation Characteristics (Typical)







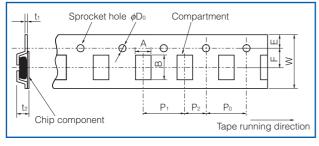


Packaging Methods (Taping)

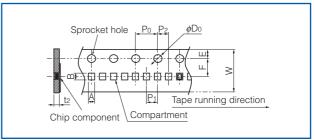
Standard Quantity

Part Number	Size (inch)	Kind of Taping	Pitch (P₁)	Quantity
EXC14CP□□□U	0302	Embossed Carrier Taping	2 mm	10,000 pcs./reel
EXC24CP/CB□□□U	0504	Embossed Camer Taping	4 mm	5,000 pcs./reel
EXC24CN□□□X 0504		Pressed Carrier Taping	2 mm	10,000 pcs./reel

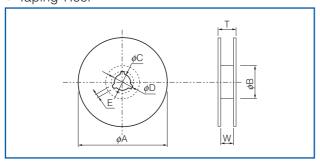
Embossed Carrier Taping



Pressed Carrier Taping



• Taping Reel



• Embossed Carrier Dimensions

(mm)

Part Number	А	В	W	F	Е	P ₁	P ₂	P ₀	ϕD_0	t ₁	t ₂
EXC14CP	0.75±0.10	0.95±0.10	8.0±0.2	3.50±0.05	1.75±0.10	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.5+0.1	0.25±0.05	0.85±0.15
EXC24CP/CB	1.20±0.15	1.45±0.15	8.0±0.2	3.5±0.1	1.75±0.10	4.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.5+0.1	0.25±0.05	0.90±0.15

Pressed Carrier Dimensions

(mm)

Part Number	А	В	W	F	Е	P ₁	P_2	P ₀	ϕD_0	t ₂
EXC24CN	1.14±0.10	1.38±0.15	8.0±0.2	3.5±0.1	1.75±0.10	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.5+0.1	0.68±0.10

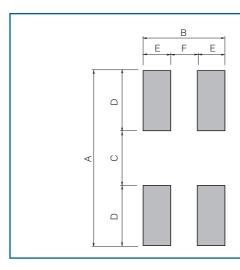
Standard Reel Dimensions

(mm)

Part Number	φA	φB	φC	φD	Е	W	Т
EXC14C/EXC24C	180.0±3.0	60.0±1.0	13.0±0.5	21.0±0.8	2.0±0.5	9.0±0.3	11.4±1.5



Recommended Land Pattern Design

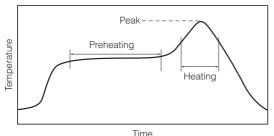


Part	Dimension (mm)						
Number	А	В	С	D	Е	F	
EXC14CP	0.80 to 1.00	0.80	0.30	0.25 to 0.35	0.30	0.20	
EXC24CP EXC24CB EXC24CN	1.50 to 1.90	1.10	0.50	0.50 to 0.70	0.40	0.30	

Recommended Soldering Conditions

Recommendations and precautions are described below.

- Recommended soldering conditions for reflow
- · Reflow soldering shall be performed a maximum of two times
- · Please contact us for additional information when used in conditions other than those specified.
- Please measure the temperature of the terminals and study every kind of solder and printed circuit board for solderability before actual use.



For soldering (Example: Sn-37Pb)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	140 °C to 160 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 200 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	235 ± 10 °C	max. 10 s

For lead-free soldering (Example : Sn/3Ag/0.5Cu)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	150 °C to 170 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 230 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s

- Flow soldering
- · We do not recommend flow soldering, because flow soldering may cause bridges between the electrodes.

<Repair with hand soldering>

- Preheat with a blast of hot air or similar method. Use a soldering iron with a tip temperature of 350 °C or less.
 Solder each electrode for 3 seconds or less.
- Never touch this product with the tip of a soldering iron.

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for EMC Components in this catalog.

- 1. Use rosin-based flux or halogen-free flux.
- 2. For cleaning, use an alcohol-based cleaning agent. Before using any other type, consult with our sales person in advance.
- 3. Do not apply shock to 2 mode Noise Filters (hereafter called the filters) or pinch them with a hard tool (e.g. pliers and tweezers). Otherwise, their bodies may be chipped, affecting their performance. Excessive mechanical stress may damage the filters. Handle with care.
- 4. Store the filters in a location with a temperature ranging from -5 °C to +40 °C and a relative humidity of 40 % to 60 %, where there are no rapid changes in temperature or humidity.
- 5. Use the filters within a year after the date of the outgoing inspection indicated on the packages.



Coil type EMI Filters (Digital Noise Filters)

Type: **ELKE**



Features

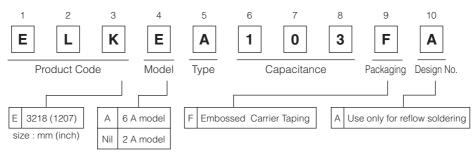
- 3218 case size, 6 A rated current (ELKEA) and 2 A rated current (ELKE)
- High ESD suppression with varistor and included coils
- No variation in attenuation characteristics due to current changes
- Easily discernible part number written by lasers
- RoHS compliant

Recommended Applications

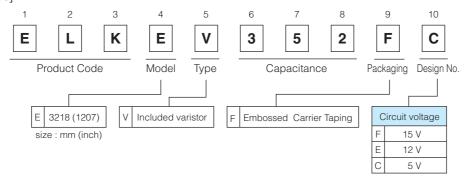
• Data lines, secondary power supply lines (DC lines) for game, digital AV and communications equipment.

Explanation of Part Numbers

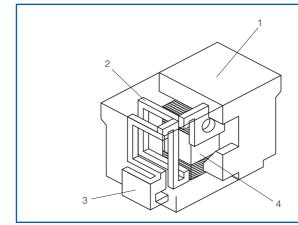
[ELKE, ELKEA Series]



[ELKEV Series]



Construction

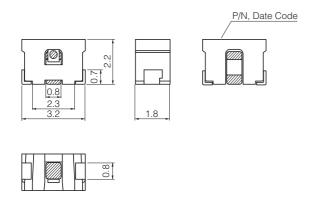


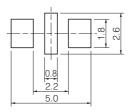
No.	Part Name	Material
1	Enclosure	PPS resin mixed with ferrite powder
2	Coil	Copper alloy plate
3	Terminal	Copper alloy plate with SnCu
4	Capacitor	Chip capacitor



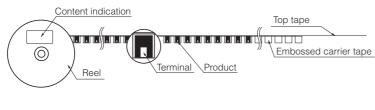
Dimensions in mm (not to scale)

Land Pattern in mm (not to scale)





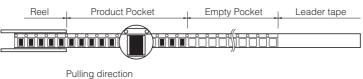
Packaging state



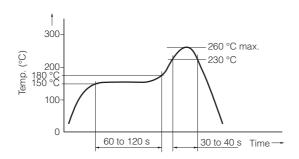
Reel Size : ϕ 178

Q'ty : 2,000 pcs./reel

Packaging: Embossed Carrier Taping



Soldering conditions for reflow



Storage Conditions

• Package : Normal temperature (–5 to 35 °C), normal humidity (85 %RH max.), shall not be exposed to

direct sunlight and harmful gases and care should be taken so as not to cause dew.

◆ Operating Temperature: -40 to +85 °C

Storage Period

Solderability may be reduced due to the conditions of high temperature and high humidity which causes the oxidation
of tin-plated terminals. Even if storage conditions are within specified limits, solderability may be reduced with time.
Therefore, please control the storage conditions and use the product within 6 months of receipt.

Large Current Coil type EMI Filters (Digital Noise Filters) SMD



Type: **ELKEA**

Features

- 3218 case size, 6 A rated current
- No variation in attenuation characteristics due to current changes
- Easily discernible part number written by lasers
- RoHS compliant

Typical Specification

● Operating temperature : -40 to +85 °C

● Rated Voltage : DC 50 V (Except ELKEA333FA : DC25 V)

Rated Current : DC 6 A

Standard Parts

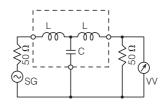
Part No.	Cut off frequency (MHz)	Inner Capacitance (pF typ.)	Rated Voltage (V)	Rated Current (A)	Indication	min. Packaging
ELKEA100FA	500	10			100□	
ELKEA220FA	300	22			220□	
ELKEA470FA	150	47			470□	
ELKEA101FA	70	100		101 Indication	2	
ELKEA221FA	30	220	50	6.0	221	2,000 pcs.
ELKEA471FA	15	470		0.0	471□	2,000 pcs.
ELKEA102FA	7	1000			102□	
ELKEA222FA	3	2200			222□	
ELKEA103FA	0.5/DC	10000			103□ Indication	1
ELKEA333FA	0.2/DC	33000	25		333□ Indication	2

note1 : 4th letter (\square) of marking indicates the Month Code. note2 : Indication 1, 2 refer to Indication examples.

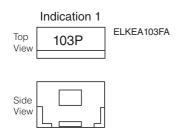
Performance characteristics (Reference)

ELKEA□□□FA 10 0 -10 Attenuation (dB) -20 .333 -30 -40 -50 -60 10 1000 100 10000 Frequency (MHz)

Equivalent circuit, measurement block diagram



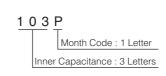
Indication Examples



Indication 2

dZZZ

ELKEA100FA
ELKEA220FA
ELKEA101FA
ELKEA221FA
ELKEA471FA
ELKEA102FA
ELKEA102FA
ELKEA222FA
ELKEA333FA





Coil type EMI Filters (Digital Noise Filters) SMD



Type: **ELKE**

Features

- 3218 case size, 2 A rated current
- No variation in attenuation characteristics due to current changes
- Easily discernible part number written by lasers
- RoHS compliant

Typical Specification

Operating temperature : −40 to +85 °C

• Rated Voltage : DC 50 V (Except ELKE333FA : DC25 V)

Rated Current : DC 2 A

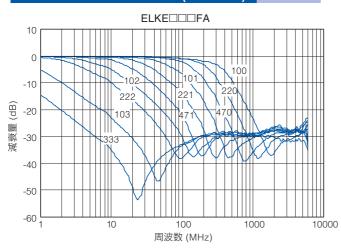
Standard Parts

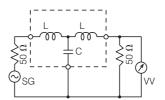
Part No.	Cut off frequency (MHz)	Inner Capacitance (pF typ.)	Rated Voltage (V)	Rated Current (A)	Indication	min. Packaging unit
ELKE100FA	250	10			100□	
ELKE220FA	200	22			220□	
ELKE470FA	100	47			470□	
ELKE101FA	50	100			101□	2,000 pcs.
ELKE221FA	25	220	50	2.0	221□	
ELKE471FA	10	470		2.0	471□	
ELKE102FA	5	1000			102□	
ELKE222FA	2	2200			222□	
ELKE103FA	0.5/DC	10000			103□	
ELKE333FA	0.2/DC	33000	25		333□	

note1 : 4th letter (□) of marking indicates the Month Code.

Equivalent circuit, measurement block diagram

Performance characteristics (Reference)





Indication Examples

103P (Top View)

1 0 3 P

Month Code : 1 Letter
Inner Capacitance : 3 Letters



Varistor included Coil type EMI Filters (Digital Noise Filters) SMD



Type: **ELKEV**

Features

- High ESD suppression with varistor and included coils
- No variation in attenuation characteristics due to current changes
- Easily discernible part number written by lasers
- RoHS compliant

Typical Specification

Operating temperature : −40 to +85 °C

Rated Voltage : Applicable normal voltage for varistor

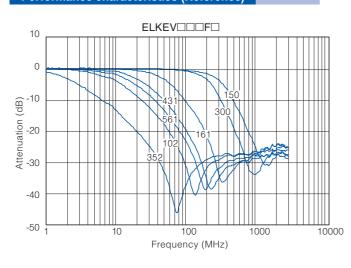
Rated Current : DC 2 A

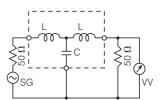
Standard Parts

Part No.	Cut off frequency (MHz)	Inner Capacitance (pF typ.)	Rated Voltage (V)	Applicable circuit voltage (V max.)	Indic	ation	min. Packaging
ELKEV150FF	250	15	27	15		150□	
ELKEV300FF	200	30	27	15		300□	
ELKEV161FF	50	160	27	15		161□	
ELKEV431FF	20	430	27	15	2.0	431□	2,000 pcs.
ELKEV561FE	10	560	22	12		561□	
ELKEV112FC	8	1050	12	5		112□	
ELKEV352FC	1/DC	3500	12	5		352□	

Note1: 4th letter (□) of marking indicates the Month Code.

Performance characteristics (Reference)





Equivalent circuit, measurement block diagram

Indication Examples

352P



3 5 2 P

Month Code : 1 Letter

Inner Capacitance : 3 Letters

Coil type EMI Filters



△Safety Precautions

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for EMC Components in this catalog.

1. Operation range and environments

- ① These products are designed and manufactured for general and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g. AV equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment)
- ② These products are not intended for use in the following special conditions. Before using the products, carefully check the effects on their quality and performance, and determine whether or not they can be used.
- In liquid, such as water, oil, chemicals, or organic solvent
- In direct sunlight, outdoors, or in dust
- In salty air or air with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, or NO2
- In an environment where these products cause dew condensation

2. Handling

- ① Do not bring magnets or magnetized materials close to the product. The influence of their magnetic field can change the inductance value.
- ② Do not apply strong mechanical shocks by either dropping or collision with other parts. Excessive schock can damage the part.

3. Land pattern design

- ① Please refer to the recommended land pattern for each type shown on the datasheet.
- ② In case of reflow soldering, consider the layout because taller components close to EMI filters tend to block thermal conduction.

4. Mounting

- 1) Avoid excessive placement force.
- 2 Do not bend or twist the PWB after mounting the part.

5. Cleaning

- ① Do not use acid or alkali agents. Some cleaning solvents may damage the part. Confirm by testing the reliability in advance of mass production.
- ② If Ultrasonic cleaning is used, please confirm the reliability in advance.

 It is possible that combined resonance of component, PWB and cavitation can cause an abnormal vibration mode to exist causing damage.

Panasonic

ESD Suppressor

Type: **EZAEG** EZAEG2A, 3A



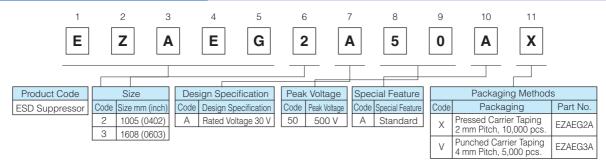
Features

- ESD protection of high-speed data lines
- Low capacitance 0.04 pF: 0603(0201) size 0.05 pF: 1005(0402) size
- Good ESD suppression characteristics
- Good ESD withstanding
- RoHS compliant

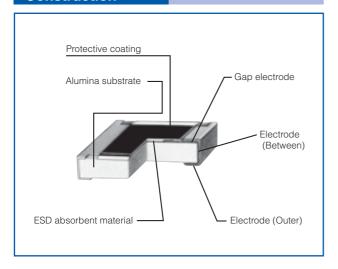
Recommended Applications

- Smart phones, Mobile phones, RF Modules, NFC and GPS
- ESD suppresion of high-speed differential data line such as Antena circuit, HDMI, SATA, USB, Display Port

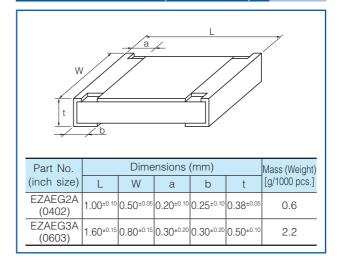
Explanation of Part Numbers



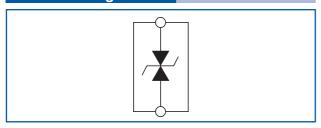
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration

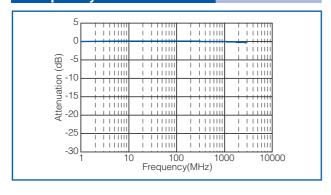


Ratings

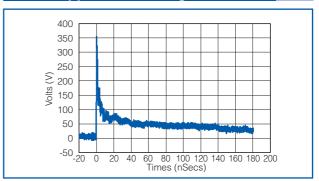
Part Number (inch size)	Capacitance ⁽¹⁾	Peak Voltage ⁽²⁾	Clamping Voltage ⁽³⁾	Rated Voltage	Category Temperature Range
EZAEG2A50AX (0402)	0.05 ^{+0.05} _{-0.04} pF	500 V max.	100 V max.	30 V max	55 to 1125 °C
EZAEG3A50AV (0603)	0.10 ^{+0.10} _{-0.08} pF	(350 V typ.)	ioo v max.		−55 to +125 °C

- (1) Capacitance = The capacitance value shall be measured under the conditions specified below. Frequency: 1 MHz±10 %, Voltage: 1 Vrms±0.2 Vrms, Temperature: 25 °C±2 °C
- (2) Peak Voltage = The peak voltage value shall be measured under the following conditions. ESD test conditions: IEC61000-4-2, 8 kV contact discharge
- (3) Clamping Voltage = The clamping voltage value shall be measured at 30 ns after initiation of pulse and measured under the conditions specified below. ESD test conditions: IEC61000-4-2, 8 kV contact discharge

Frequency Characteristics

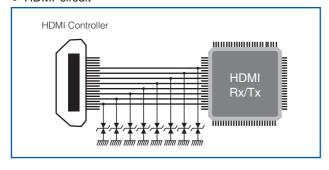


ESD Suppression Voltage Waveform

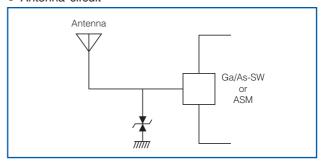


Typical Circuits Requiring Protection

HDMI circuit

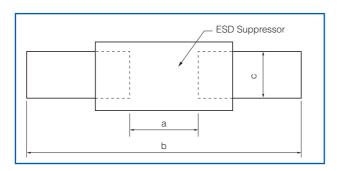


Antenna circuit



Recommended Land Pattern

Recommended land pattern design for ESD Suppressor is shown below.



Part Number	Dimensions (mm)				
(inch size)	а	b	С		
EZAEG2A (0402)	0.5 to 0.6	1.4 to 1.6	0.4 to 0.6		
EZAEG3A (0603)	0.7 to 0.9	2.0 to 2.2	0.8 to 1.0		

■ As for Packaging Methods, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions,

Please see Data Files

Panasonic

ESD Suppressor

Type: **EZAEG** EZAEG1N, 2N



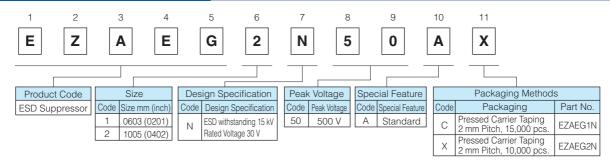
Features

- Good ESD withstanding (IEC61000-4-2 15 kV contact/air Discharge)
- ESD protection of high-speed data lines
- Low capacitance 0.04 pF : 0603(0201) size
 - 0.05 pF: 1005(0402) size
- Good ESD suppression characteristics
- RoHS compliant

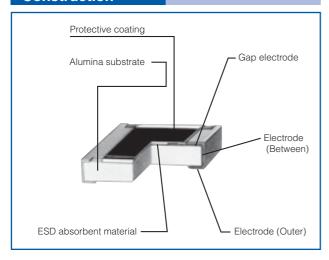
Recommended Applications

- Smart phones, Mobile phones, RF Modules, NFC and GPS
- ESD suppresion of high-speed differential data line such as Antena circuit, HDMI, SATA, USB, Display Port

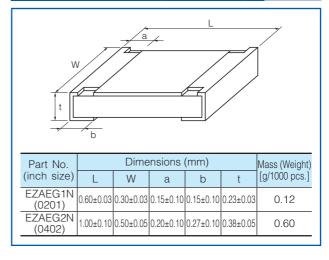
Explanation of Part Numbers



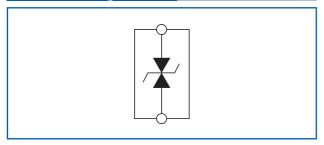
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration





Ratings

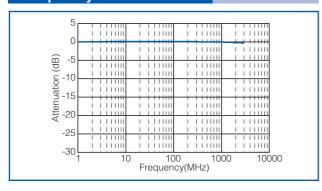
Part Number (inch size)	Capacitance ⁽¹⁾	Peak Voltage ⁽²⁾	Clamping Voltage ⁽³⁾	ESD withstanding ⁽⁴⁾		Category Temperature Range
EZAEG1N50AC (0201)	0.04 ^{+0.04} _{-0.03} pF	500 V max.	100 V max.	Contact/Air	30 V max	−55 to +125 °C
EZAEG2N50AX (0402)	0.05 ^{+0.05} _{-0.04} pF	(350 V typ.)	100 v max.	15 kV	30 v max	-55 10 +125 °C

- (1) Capacitance = The capacitance value shall be measured under the conditions specified below.

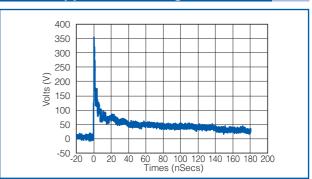
 Frequency: 1 MHz±10 %, Voltage: 1 Vrms±0.2 Vrms, Temperature: 25 °C±2 °C

 (2) Peak Voltage = The peak voltage value shall be measured under the following conditions: ESD test conditions: IEC61000-4-2, 8 kV contact discharge
- (3) Clamping Voltage = The clamping voltage value shall be measured at 30 ns after initiation of pulse and measured under the conditions specified below. ESD test conditions: IEC61000-4-2, 8 kV contact discharge
- (4) ESD test conditions: IEC61000-4-2 contact discharge

Frequency Characteristics

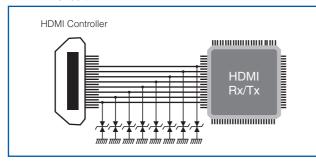


ESD Suppression Voltage Waveform

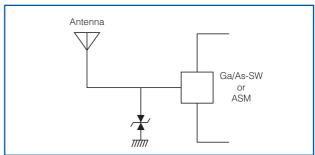


Typical Circuits Requiring Protection

HDMI circuit

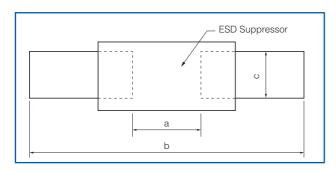


Antenna circuit



Recommended Land Pattern

Recommended land pattern design for ESD Suppressor is shown below.



Part Number	Dimensions (mm)				
(inch size)	а	b	С		
EZAEG1N (0201)	0.3 to 0.4	0.8 to 0.9	0.25 to 0.35		
EZAEG2N (0402)	0.5 to 0.6	1.4 to 1.6	0.40 to 0.60		

■ As for Packaging Methods, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions,

Please see Data Files



ESD Suppressor Array

Type: **EZAEGCA**



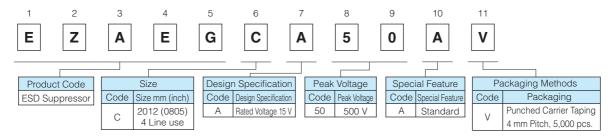
Features

- 4 ESD suppressors in one package
- ESD protection of high-speed data lines
- Low capacitance (0.25 pF)
- Good ESD suppression characteristics
- Good ESD withstanding
- RoHS compliant

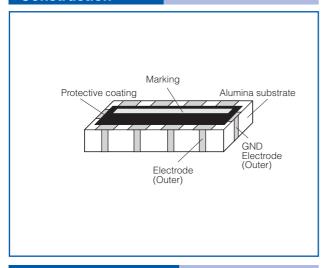
Recommended Applications

- AV equipment (LCD-TV, DVD/Blu-ray drives), Information equipment (PCs, HDD,)
- ESD suppresion of high-speed differential data line such as USB3.0, HDMI, Display Port

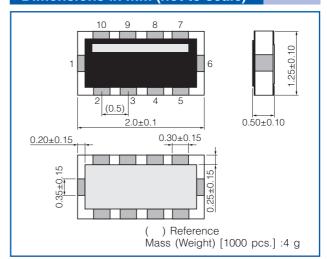
Explanation of Part Numbers



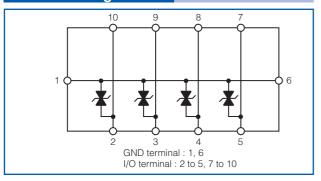
Construction



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Circuit Configuration



Ratings

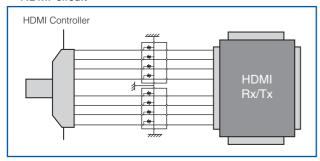
Part Number (inch size)	Capacitance ⁽¹⁾	Peak Voltage ⁽²⁾	Clamping Voltage ⁽³⁾	Rated Voltage ⁽⁴⁾	Rated Current ⁽⁵⁾	Category Temperature Range
EZAEGCA50AV (0805)	0.25 ^{+0.05} _{-0.10} pF	500 V max. (350 V typ.)	100 V max.	15 V max.	100 mA max.	−55 to +125 °C

- (1) Capacitance = The capacitance value shall be measured under the conditions specified below.

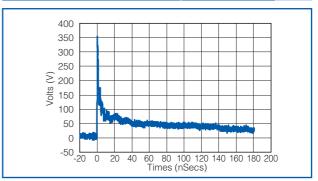
 Frequency: 1 MHz±10 %, Voltage: 1 Vrms±0.2 Vrms, Temperature: 25 °C±2 °C
- (2) Peak Voltage = The peak voltage value shall be measured under the following conditions. ESD test conditions: IEC61000-4-2, 8 kV contact discharge
- (3) Clamping Voltage = The clamping voltage value shall be measured at 30 ns after initiation of pulse and measured under the conditions specified below. ESD test conditions: IEC61000-4-2, 8 kV contact discharge
- (4) Rated voltage between I/O terminal and GND.
- (5) Rated current between input terminal and output terminal.

Typical Circuits Requiring Protection

HDMI circuit

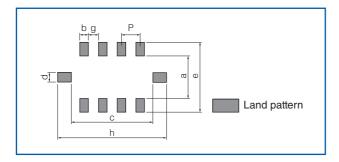


ESD Suppression Voltage Waveform



Recommended Land Pattern

Recommended land pattern design for ESD Suppressor Array is shown below.



	а	b	С	d
Dimensions (mm)	0.75	0.25	1.70	0.35
	е	h	g	Р
Dimensions (mm)	1.85	2.60	0.25	0.50

■ As for Packaging Methods, Soldering Conditions and Safety Precautions,

Please see Data Files



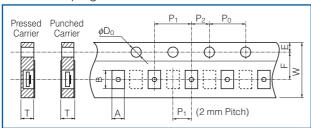
Packaging Methods (Taping)

Standard Quantity

Part Number	Size (inch)	Kind of Taping	Pitch (P ₁)	Quantity
EZAEG1N	0201	Proposed Carrier Taning	2 mm	15,000 pcs./reel
EZAEG2A,2N	0402	Pressed Carrier Taping	2 111111	10,000 pcs./reel
EZAEG3A	0603	Dunched Carrier Taning	4 mm	5 000 pag /rool
EZAEGCA	0805	Punched Carrier Taping	4 mm	5,000 pcs./reel

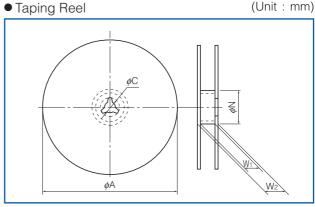
(Unit: mm)

Carrier Taping



Part Number	А	В	W	F	Е
EZAEG1N	0.38 ^{±0.05}	0.68 ^{±0.05}			
EZAEG2A,2N	0.70 ^{±0.05}	1.20 ^{±0.05}	8.00 ^{±0.20}	3.50 ^{±0.05}	1.75 ^{±0.10}
EZAEG3A	1.10 ^{±0.10}	1.90 ^{±0.10}	0.00	3.50	1.75
EZAEGCA	1.55 ^{±0.15}	2.30 ^{±0.20}			
Part Number	P ₁	P ₂	P ₀	<i>ф</i> D₀	Т
Part Number EZAEG1N		P ₂	Po	ø D₀	T 0.42 ^{±0.05}
	P ₁ 2.00 ^{±0.10}			,	0.60 ^{±0.05}
EZAEG1N		P ₂	P ₀ 4.00 ^{±0.10}	φD ₀ 1.50 ^{+0.10}	T 0.42 ^{±0.05} 0.60 ^{±0.05} 0.70 ^{±0.05} 0.85 ^{±0.05}

Taping Reel

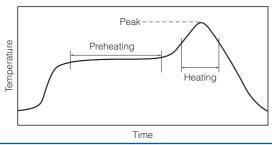


Part Number	φA	φN	φC	W ₁	W ₂
EZAEG1N		60.0 +1.0	13.0 ^{±0.2}		11.4 ^{±1.0}
EZAEG2A,2N	100.00			9.0+1.0	
EZAEG3A	100.0-1.5		13.0		
EZAEGCA					

Recommended Soldering Conditions

Recommendations and precautions are described below

- Recommended soldering conditions for reflow
- Reflow soldering shall be performed a maximum of two times.
- Please contact us for additional information when used in conditions other than those specified.
- · Please measure the temperature of the terminals and study every kind of solder and printed circuit board for solderability before actual use.



For soldering (Example: Sn/Pb)

	Temperature	Time
Preheating	140 °C to 160 °C	60 s to 120 s
Main heating	Above 200 °C	30 s to 40 s
Peak	235 ± 5 °C	max. 10 s

For lead-free soldering (Example : Sn/Ag/Cu)

	Temperature	Time	
Preheating	150 °C to 180 °C	60 s to 120 s	
Main heating	Above 230 °C	30 s to 40 s	
Peak	max. 260 °C	max. 10 s	
	<u> </u>		

The following are precautions for individual products. Please also refer to the common precautions for ESD Suppressor in this catalog.

- 1. If a large electric surge (especially, one which is larger than an ESD) is expected to be applied, be sure to test and confirm proper ESD Suppressor (hereafter called the suppressors) functionality when mounted on your board. When the applied load is more than the allowable rated power under normal load conditions, it may impair performance and/ or the reliability of the suppressors. Never exceed the rated power. If the product will be used under these special conditions, be sure to contact a Panasonic representative first.
- 2. Do not use halogen-based or other high-activity flux. Otherwise, the residue may impair the suppressors' performance and/or reliability.
- 3. When soldering with a soldering iron, never touch the suppressors' bodies with the tip of the soldering iron. When using a soldering iron with a high temperature tip, finish soldering as quickly as possible (within three seconds at 350 °C max.).
- Avoid excessive bending of printed circuit boards in order to protect the suppressors from abnormal stress
- 5. Do not immerse the suppressors in solvent for a long time. Before using solvent, carefully check the effects of immersion.



Multilayer Varistor for ESD pulse [DC voltage lines/High speed signal lines]

Series: EZJZ, EZJP

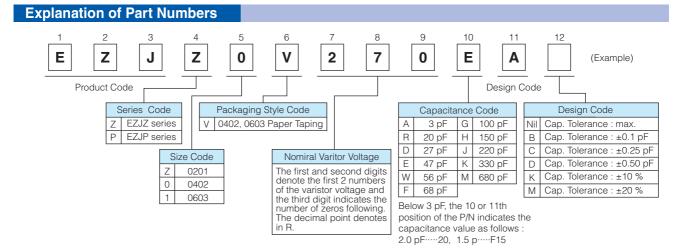


Features

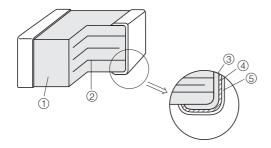
- Excellent ESD suppression due to original advanced material technology
- Having large electrostatic resistance meeting IEC61000-4-2, Level 4 standard
- Having no polarity (bipolar) facilitated replacing Zener Diodes. Capable of replacing 2 Zener Diodes and 1 Capacitor.
- Lead-free plating terminal electrodes enabling great solderability
- Wide range of products is available by adopting multilayer structure, meeting various needs.
- Low capacitance versions for DC voltage lines of high speed busses
- Ultra low capacitance for high speed signal line
- Applicable to high-speed signal lines, such as interfaces (e.g. USB 2.0, IEEE1394, HDMI, and so on), due to our original ultra-low capacitance technology.
- RoHS compliant

■ As for Packaging Methods, Handling Precautions

Please see Data Files

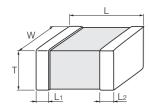


Construction



No.	Name				
1	Semiconductive Ceramics				
2	Internal electrode				
3		Substrate electrode			
4	Terminal electrode	Intermediate electrode			
(5)		External electrode			

Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Size Code	Size(inch)	L	W	Т	L1, L2
Z	0201	0.60±0.03	0.30±0.03	0.30±0.03	0.15±0.05
0	0402	1.00±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.50±0.05	0.2±0.1
1	0603	1.6±0.1	0.8±0.1	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.2



Multilayer Varistor, Low Capacitance Type [High speed signal lines]

Features

- Multilayer monolithic ceramic construction for high speed signal lines
- Ideal for USB 2.0, IEEE1394, and HDMI high speed data busses
- Applicable to high-speed signal lines, such as interfaces (e.g. USB 2.0, IEEE1394, HDMI, and so on), due to our original material technology and multilayer technology.
- Capacitance: 0.8 to 2.1 pF typ.

Recommended Applications

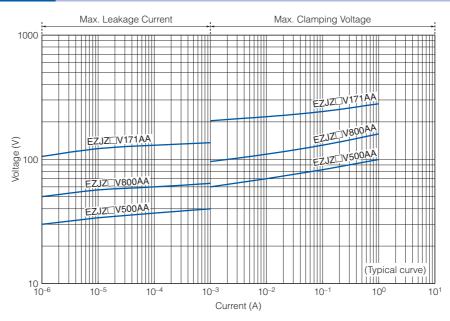
Mobile phone	Antenna circuit, External IF
DSC, DVC	USB2.0, IEEE1394
PC, PDA	USB2.0, IEEE1394, LAN1000BASE
TV, DVD	USB2.0, IEEE1394, HDMI
Game console	Controller, External IF

Ratings and Characteristics

Size	Part No.	Maximum allowable voltage DC (V)	Nominal varistor voltage at 1mA (V)	Capacitance (pF) at 1MHz	Maximum ESD IEC61000-4-2
	EZJZ0V80010	10	80	1 max. [0.8 typ.]	
	EZJZ0V80015D	5	80	1.5±0.5	
0402	EZJZ0V500AA	EZJZ0V500AA 5		3 max. [2.1 typ.]	
	EZJZ0V800AA	18	80	3 max. [2.1 typ.]	
	EZJZ0V171AA	18	170	3 max. [2.1 typ.]	Contact discharge : 8kV
	EZJZ1V80010	10	80	1 max. [0.8 typ.]	
0000	EZJZ1V500AA	5	50	3 max. [2.1 typ.]	
0603	EZJZ1V800AA	18	80	3 max. [2.1 typ.]	
	EZJZ1V171AA	18	170	3 max. [2.1 typ.]	

Operating Temperature Range: -40 to 85 °C

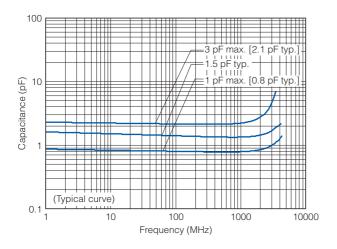
Voltage vs. Current



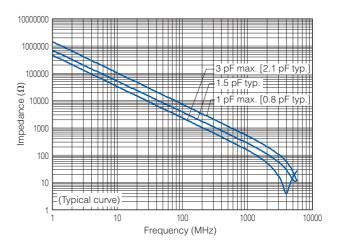
^{*} Recommend soldering method : Reflow soldering

Panasonic

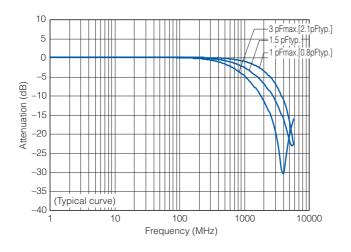
Capacitance vs. Frequency



Impedance vs. Frequency



Attenuation vs. Frequency



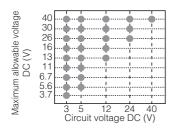


Multilayer Varistor, Low Voltage Type (Standard Type) [DC voltage lines/Low speed signal lines]

Features

Wide variety of products is available by adopting multilayer construction, which achieved wide range of usage, such as application to DC voltage lines and signal lines.

Circuit voltage



Varistor voltage: 6.8 to 65 V [at 1 mA]Capacitance: 8.5 to 420 pF typ. [at 1 MHz]

Recommended Applications					
Mobile phone	SW, LCD, LED, Audio terminal, Battery pack, Memory card, External IF				
DSC, DVC	SW, LCD, LED, USB				
PC, PDA	SW, LCD, LED, USB				
TV, DVD	Audio, Video terminal				
Audio	Audio terminal, Microphone, Receiver				
Game console	Controller, External IF				

Ratings and Characteristics

	iiigo airia oiri						
Size	Part No.	Maximum allowable voltage DC (V)	Nominal varistor voltage	Capacitance (pF)		Maximum peak current at 8/20µs, 2times	Maximum ESD IEC61000-4-2
		(/	at 1mA (V)	at 1MHz	at 1kHz	(A)	
	EZJPZV6R8JA	3.7	6.8	220 max. [180 typ.]	175 typ.	5	
	EZJPZV6R8GA	3.7	6.8	100 max. [85 typ.]	100 typ.	5	
	EZJPZV080GA	5.6	8	100 max. [85 typ.]	100 typ.	5	
	EZJPZV120GA	7.5	12	100 max. [85 typ.]	100 typ.	5	
0201	EZJPZV120DA	7.5	12	27 max. [22 typ.]	33 typ.	1	
	EZJPZV120RA	7.5	12	20 max. [15 typ.]	18 typ.	1	
	EZJPZV150RA	9	15	20 max. [15 typ.]	18 typ.	1	
	EZJPZV270RA	16	27	20 max. [15 typ.]	16.5 typ.	1	
	EZJPZV270BA	16	27	10 max. [8.5 typ.]	10 typ.	1	
	EZJP0V6R8MA	3.7	6.8	680 max. [420 typ.]	650 typ.	20	
	EZJP0V6R8GA	3.7	6.8	100 max. [85 typ.]	100 typ.	3	
	EZJP0V080MA	5.6	8	680 max. [420 typ.]	650 typ.	20	
	EZJP0V080KA	5.6	8	330 max. [290 typ.]	480 typ.	15	
	EZJP0V080GA	5.6	8	100 max. [65 typ.]	100 typ.	3	
	EZJP0V080DA	5.6	8	27 max. [22 typ.]	33 typ.	1	Contact discharge
0402	EZJZ0V120JA	6.7	12	220 max. [150 typ.]	175 typ.	10	Contact discharge 8 kV
	EZJZ0V180HA	11	18	150 max. [120 typ.]	140 typ.	10	
	EZJZ0V220HA	13	22	150 max. [100 typ.]	116 typ.	10	
	EZJP0V270EA	16	27	47 max. [33 typ.]	37 typ.	4	
	EZJP0V270RA	16	27	20 max. [15 typ.]	16.5 typ.	1	
	EZJZ0V420WA	30	42	56 max. [40 typ.]	45 typ.	10	
	EZJZ0V650DA	40	65	27 max. [22 typ.]	33 typ.	5	
	EZJZ1V120KA	6.7	12	330 max. [250 typ.]	290 typ.	20	
	EZJZ1V180JA	11	18	220 max. [180 typ.]	210 typ.	20	
	EZJZ1V220JA	13	22	220 max. [160 typ.]	185 typ.	20	
	EZJZ1V270GA	16	27	100 max. [85 typ.]	100 typ.	20	
0603	EZJZ1V270EA	16	27	47 max. [33 typ.]	37 typ.	20	
	EZJZ1V270RA	16	27	20 max. [15 typ.]	16.5 typ.	3	1
	EZJZ1V330GA	26	33	100 max. [85 typ.]	100 typ.	20	
	EZJZ1V420FA	30	42	68 max. [55 typ.]	63 typ.	15	
	EZJZ1V650DA	40	65	27 max. [22 typ.]	33 typ.	5	

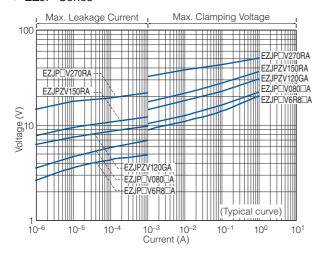
● Operating Temperature Range: -40 to 85 °C * Recommend soldering method : Reflow soldering

Maximum Allowable Voltage	Maximum DC Voltage that can be applied continuously within the operating temperature range
Varistor Voltage	Varistor starting voltage between terminals at DC 1 mA, also known as Breakdown voltage
Maximum Peak Current	Maximum current that can be withstood under the standard pulse 8/20 µs, 2 times based
Maximum ESD	Maximum voltage that can be withstood under ESD based on IEC61000-4-2, 10 times (5 times of each positive-negative polarity)

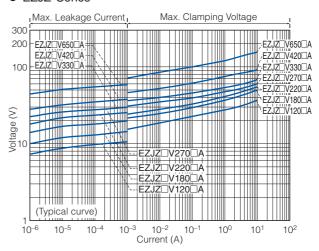
Panasonic

Voltage vs. Current

EZJP Series

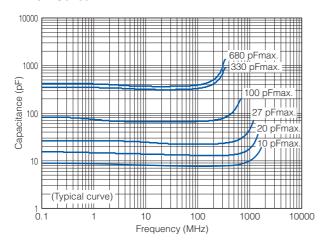


EZJZ Series

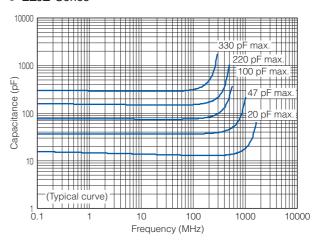


Capacitance vs. Frequency

EZJP Series

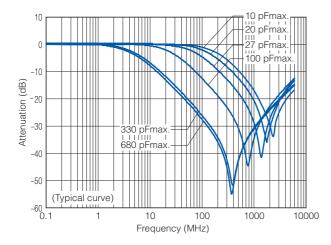


EZJZ Series

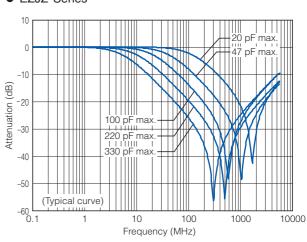


Attenuation vs. Frequency

EZJP Series



EZJZ Series





Multilayer Varistor for ESD pulse [2 Array Type for high speed signal lines]

Series: **EZJZS**







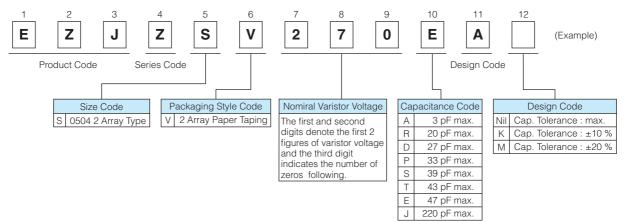
Features

- Excellent esd suppression due to original advanced material technology
- Having large electrostatic resistance meeting IEC61000-4-2, LEVEL 4 standard
- Having no polarity (bipolar) facilitated replacing zener diodes. Capable of replacing 2 zener diodes and 1 capacitor.
- 2 Array per package for multiple lines
- Lead-free terminal electrodes enabled great solderability
- Wide range of products is available by adopting multilayer structure, meeting various needs
- Ultra low capacitance for signal lines of high speed busses
- Ideal for USB 2.0, IEEE1394, and HDMI high speed data busses
- ROHS compliant

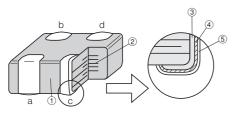
■ As for Packaging Methods, Handling Precautions

Please see Data Files

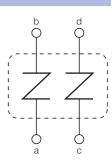




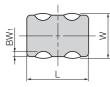
Construction



No.	Name				
1	Semiconductive Ceramics				
2	Internal electrode				
3		Substrate electrode			
4	Terminal electrode	Intermediate electrode			
(5)		External electrode			



Dimensions in mm (not to scale)





Size(inch)	L	W	Т	BW	BW ₁	Р
0504 (2 Array)	1.37±0.15	1.0±0.1	0.60+0.06	0.36±0.10	0.2±0.1	0.64±0.10

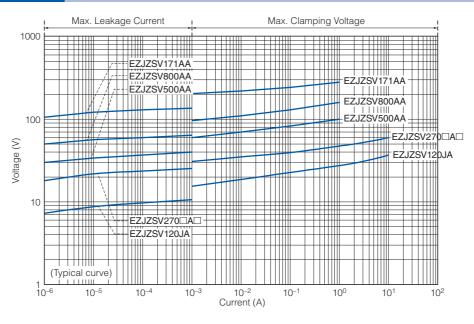


Ratings and Characteristics

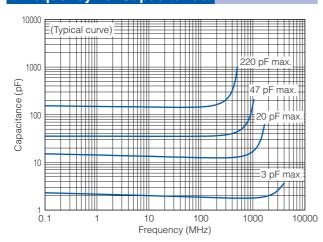
Size	Part No.	Maximum allowable voltage	Nominal varistor voltage	Capacitance (pF)		Maximum peak current at 8/20µs, 2times	Maximum ESD IEC61000-4-2
		DC (V)	at 1mA (V)	at IIIII	at 1kHz	(A)	
0504 (2 Array)	EZJZSV120JA	6.7	12	220 max. [150 typ.]	175 typ.	5	Contact discharge 8 kV
	EZJZSV270EA	16	27	47 max. [33 typ.]	37 typ.	5	
	EZJZSV270RA	16	27	20 max. [15 typ.]	16.5 typ.	3	
	EZJZSV270DA□	16	27	27±10 %/±20 %	30 typ.	5	
	EZJZSV270PA□	16	27	33±10 %/±20 %	37 typ.	5	
	EZJZSV270SA□	16	27	39±10 %/±20 %	43 typ.	5	
	EZJZSV270TA□	16	27	43±10 %/±20 %	47 typ.	5	
	EZJZSV270EA□	16	27	47±10 %/±20 %	52 typ.	5	
	EZJZSV500AA	5	50	3 max. [2.1 typ.]	_	_	
	EZJZSV800AA	18	80	3 max. [2.1 typ.]	_	_	
	EZJZSV171AA	18	170	3 max. [2.1 typ.]	_	_	

- ◆ Operating Temperature Range: –40 to 85 °C
- * □ : Capacitance Tolerance Code K:±10 %, M:±20 %
- * Avoid flow soldering.

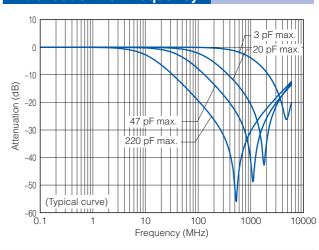
Voltage vs. Current



Frequency vs. Capacitance



Attenuation vs. Frequency





Multilayer Varistor for ESD pulse [DC voltage lines]

Series: **EZJS**



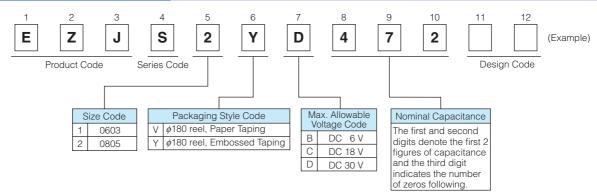
Features

- Excellent ESD suppression due to original advanced material technology
- Having large electrostatic resistance meeting IEC61000-4-2, Special Level 30 kV standard
- Having no polarity (bipolar) facilitated replacing Zener Diodes. Capable of replacing 2 Zener Diodes and 1 Capacitor.
- Lead-free terminal electrodes enabling great solderability
- RoHS compliant

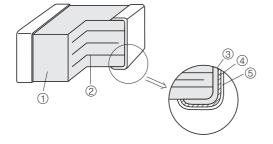
■ As for Packaging Methods, Handling Precautions

Please see Data Files



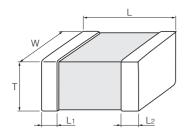


Construction



No.	Name							
1	Semiconductive Ceramics							
2	Internal electrode							
3		Substrate electrode						
4	Terminal electrode	Intermediate electrode						
(5)		External electrode						

Dimensions in mm (not to scale)



Size Code	Size(inch)	L	W	Т	L1, L2
1	0603	1.60±0.15	0.8±0.1	0.8±0.1	0.3±0.2
2	0905	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.20	0.8±0.2	0.50±0.25
۷	0805	2.0±0.2	1.25±0.20	1.25±0.20	0.50±0.25

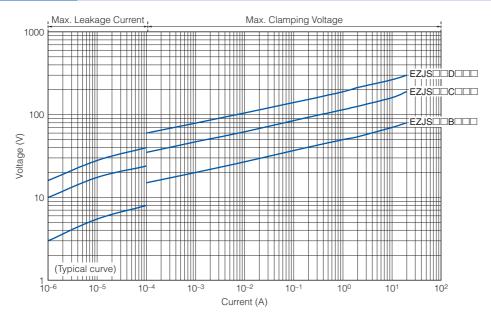


Ratings and Characteristics

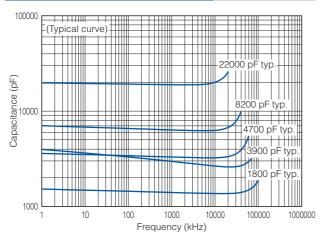
Size	Part No.	Maximum Allowable Voltage DC (V)	Nominal Varistor Voltage at 0.1 mA (V)	Capacitance at 1 kHz (pF)	Maximum ESD IEC61000-4-2
	EZJS1VB822	6	12	8200 typ.	
0603	EZJS1VC392	18	30	3900 typ.	
	EZJS1VD182	30	50	1800 typ.	Contact discharge:
	EZJS2VB223	6	12	22000 typ.	30 kV
0805	EZJS2YC822	18	30	8200 typ.	
	EZJS2YD472	30	50	4700 typ.	

- Operating Temperature Range: −40 to 85 °C
- * Avoid flow soldering

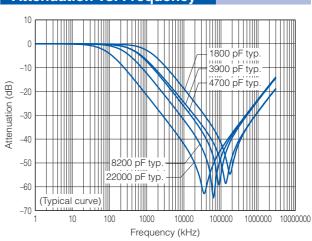
Voltage vs. Current



Capacitance vs. Frequency



Attenuation vs. Frequency





Varistor Characteristics and Equivalent Circuit

A Multilayer Varistor does not have an electrical polarity like zener diodes and is equivalent to total 3 pcs. of 2 zener diodes and 1 capacitor.

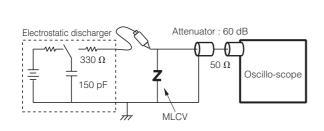
[Equivalent Circuit]

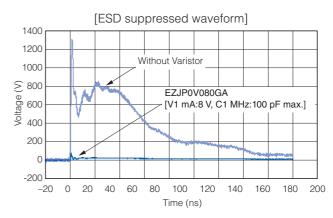


ESD Suppressive Effects

Typical effects of ESD suppression

Test conditions: IEC61000-4-2* Level 4 Contact discharge, 8 kV



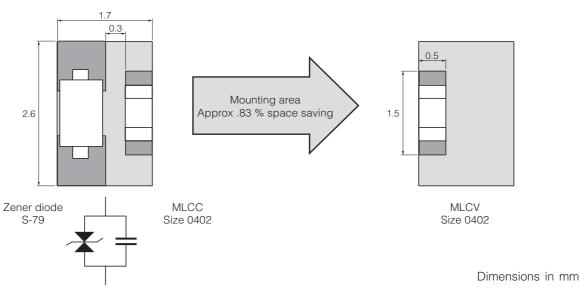


* IEC61000-4-2 ··· International Standard of the ESD testing method (HBM) for electronic equipment ability to withstand ESD generated from a human body. It sets 4 levels of severity

Severity	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Contact discharge	2 kV	4 kV	6 kV	8 kV
Air discharge	2 kV	4 kV	8 kV	15 kV

Replacement of Zener diode

Replacing "Zener diode and Capacitor" with Multilayer Varistor saves both the mounting area and number of components used.



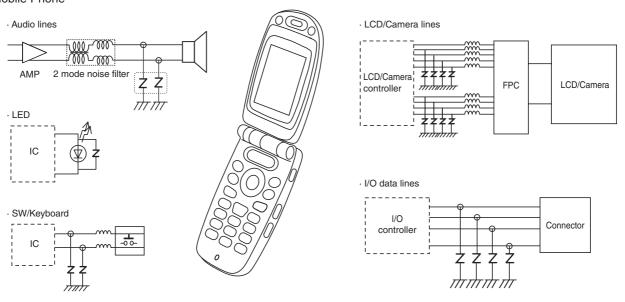


Recommended Applications

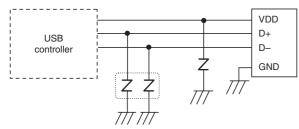
Applications		DC 1k	Circuit (Hz)		
Mobile phones, DSC, PC, PDA, HDD TV (PDP, LC etc.), DVD, DVC,	Series	Ultra low capacitance (Cap. : 3 pF or less)			DC to GHz Antenna, RF circuit, LVDS USB, IEEE1394, HDMI etc.
Game consoles, Audio equipment	EZJZ, P	Low capacitance (Cap. : 20 to 680 pF)			DC to tens of Hz PWR, SW, Audio terminals LCD, RS232C, etc.
PWR, Photoelectronic sensors, SSR, Motors, Pressure sensors, Proximity switches	Series EZJS	High capacitance (Cap.: 1800 to 22000 pF)			DC to several kHz PWR, SW, Audio terminals etc.

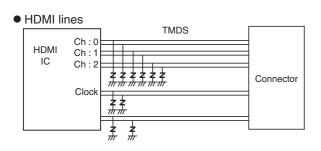
Applications

Mobile Phone

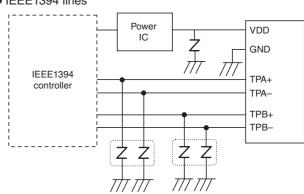


• USB1.1/2.0 lines





• IEEE1394 lines





Performa	ance and '	Testing	Methods
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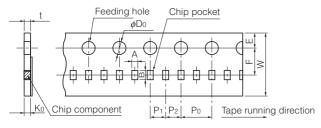
Characteristics	Specifications	Testing Method							
Standard test conditions		Electrical characteristics shall be measured under the following conditions. Temp. : 5 to 35 °C, Relative humidity : 85 % or less							
Varistor voltage	To meet the specified value.	The Varistor voltage is the voltage (V_c ,or V_{cmA}) between both end terminals of a Varistor when specified current (CmA) is applied to it. The measurement shall be made as quickly as possible to avoid heating effects.							
Maximum allowable voltage	To meet the specified value.	The maximum DC voltage that can be applied continuously to a varistor.							
Capacitance	To meet the specified value.	Capacitance shall be measured at the specified frequency, bias voltage 0 V, and measuring voltage 0.2 to 2 Vrms.							
Maximum peak current	To meet the specified value.	The maximum current measured (Varistor voltage tolerance is within ±10 %) when a standard impulse current of 8/20 µ seconds is applied twice with an interval of 5 minutes.							
Maximum ESD	To meet the specified value.	The maximum ESD measured (while the varistor voltage is within ±30 % of its nominal value) when exposed to ESD 10 times (five times for each positive-negative polarity) based on IEC61000-4-2.							
Solder ability	To meet the specified value.	The part shall be immersed into a soldering bath under the conditions below. Solder: H63A Soldering flux : Ethanol solution of rosin (Concentration approx. 25 wt%) Soldering temp. : 230±5 °C Period : 4±1 s Soldering position: Immerse both terminal electrodes until they are completely into the soldering bath.							
Resistance to soldering heat	ΔVc / Vc : within ±10 %	After the immersion, leave the part for 24 ±2 hours under the standard condition, then evaluate its characteristics. Soldering conditions are specified below: Soldering conditions: 270 °C, 3 s / 260 °C, 10 s Soldering position: Immerse both terminal electrodes until they are completely into the soldering bath.							
Temperature cycling	ΔVc / Vc : within ±10 %	After repeating the cycles stated below for specified number of times, leave the part for 24±2 hours, then evaluate its characteristics. Cycle: 5 cycles Step Temperature Period 1 Max. Operating Temp. 30±3 min 2 Ordinary temp. 3 min max. 3 Min. Operating Temp. 30±3 min 4 Ordinary temp. 3 min max.							
Biased Humidity	ΔVc / Vc : within ±10 %	Applied voltage: Maximum allowable voltage (Individually specified)							
High temperature exposure (dry heat)	ΔVc / Vc : within ±10 %								

Packaging Methods

Standard Packing Quantity

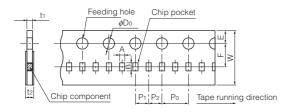
Series	Size Code	Thickness (mm)	Kind of Taping	Pitch (mm)	Q'ty (pcs./reel)
	Z (0201)	0.3	2		15,000
EZJZ	0 (0402)	0.5		2	10,000
EZJP	1 (0603)	0.8			4,000
	S (0504 2Array)	0.6	Punched Carrier Taping	4	4,000
	1(0603)	0.8			4,000
EZJS	2(0905)	0.8			5,000
	2(0805)	1.25	Embossed Carrier Taping		2,000

• Pitch 2mm (Pressed Carrier Taping) : Size 0201



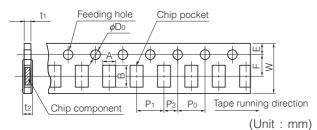
(Unit: mm) Symbol В W ϕD_0 1.5 +0.1 0 max. ±0.00 Α Ε P1 t Κo Dim 0.36 0.66 8.0 3.50 1.75 2.00 2.00 4.0 (mm) ±0.05 ±0.10 ±0.05 ±0.05

• Pitch 2mm (Punched Carrier Taping) : Size 0402



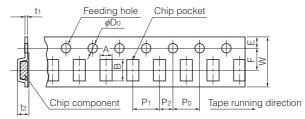
										(0)	III .	11111)
ĺ	Symbol	Α	В	W	F	Е	P ₁	P ₂	Po	ϕ D $_{0}$	t ₁	t2
	Dim (mm)	0.62 ±0.05	1.12 ±0.05	8.0 ±0.2	3.50 ±0.05	1.75 ±0.10	2.00 ±0.05	2.00 ±0.05	4.0 ±0.1	1.5 +0.1	0.7 max.	1.0 max.

• Pitch 4mm (Punched Carrier Taping) : Size 0603, 0805, 0504/2Array



									`		
Symbol	Α	В	W	F	Е	P ₁	P ₂	Po	ϕ D $_0$	ţ1	t2
1 (0603)	1.0 ±0.1	1.8 ±0.1									
S (0504 2 Arry)	1.18 ±0.10	1.63 ±0.10	8.0 ±0.2	3.50 ±0.05	1.75 ±0.10	4.0 ±0.1	2.00 ±0.05	4.0 ±0.1	1.5	1.1 max.	1.4 max.
2 (0805)	1.65 ±0.20	2.4									

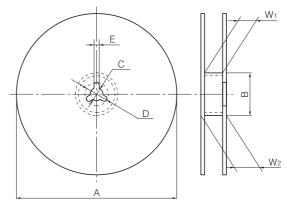
• Embossed Carrier Taping : Size 0805



(Unit: mm)

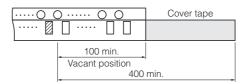
Symbol	Α	В	W	F	Е	P ₁	P ₂	Po	ϕ D $_0$	ţ1	t2
Dim (mm)	1.55 ±0.20	2.35 ±0.20	8.0 ±0.2	3.50 ±0.05	1.75 ±0.10	4.0 ±0.1	2.00 ±0.05	4.0 ±0.1	1.5 +0.1 0	0.6 max.	

Reel for Taping

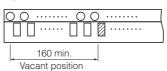


Symbol	φA	φ B	С	D	Е	W ₁	W ₂
Dima (mm)	180-3	60.0+1.0	13.0±0.5	21.0±0.8	2.0±0.5	9.0+1.0	11.4±1.0

 Leader Part and Taped End Leader part



Tape end



Dimensions in mm

(I Init · mm)



Multilayer Varistors, Chip Type

Series: **EZJZ**, **EZJP** (For DC voltage lines, high speed signal lines)

Series: **EZJS** (For DC voltage lines)

Handling Precautions

∆Safety Precautions

Multilayer Varistors (hereafter referred to as "Varistors") should be used for general purpose applications as countermeasures against ESD and noise found in consumer electronics (audio/visual, home, office, information & communication) equipment. When subjected to severe electrical, environmental, and/or mechanical stress beyond the specifications, as noted in the Ratings and Specified Conditions section, the Varistors' performance may be degraded, or become failure mode, such as short circuit mode and open-circuit mode.

If you use under the condition of short-circuit, heat generation of Varistors will occur by running large current due to application of voltage. There are possibilities of smoke emission, substrate burn-out, and, in the worst case, fire.

For products which require high safety levels, please carefully consider how a single malfunction can affect your product. In order to ensure the safety in the case of a single malfunction, please design products with fail-safe, such as setting up protecting circuits, etc.

- For the following applications and conditions, please contact us for additional specifications, which is not found in this document.
 - · When your application may have difficulty complying with the safety or handling precautions specified below.
 - · High-quality and high-reliability required devices that have possibility of causing hazardous conditions, such as death or injury (regardless of directly or indirectly), due to failure or malfunction of the product.
 - ① Aircraft and Aerospace Equipment (artificial satellite, rocket, etc.)
 - 2 Submarine Equipment (submarine repeating equipment, etc.)
 - 3 Transportation Equipment (motor vehicles, airplanes, trains, ship, traffic signal controllers, etc.)
 - Power Generation Control Equipment (atomic power, hydroelectric power, thermal power plant control system, etc.)
 - (5) Medical Equipment (life-support equipment, pacemakers, dialysis controllers, etc.)
 - (arge scale computer systems, etc.)
 - Telectric Heating Appliances, Combustion devices (gas fan heaters, oil fan heaters, etc.)
 - **8** Rotary Motion Equipment

 - 10 And any similar types of equipment

Confirmation of Rated Performance

The Varistors shall be operated within the specified rating/performance.

Applications exceeding the specifications may cause deteriorated performance and/or breakdown, resulting in degradation and/or smoking or ignition of products. The following are strictly observed.

- (1) The Varistors shall not be operated beyond the specified operating temperature range.
- (2) The Varistors shall not be operated in excess of the specified maximum allowable voltage.
- (3) The Varistors shall not be operated in the circuits to which surge current and ESD that exceeds the specified maximum peak current and maximum ESD.
- (4) Never use for AC power supply circuits.

2. The Varistors shall not be mounted near flammables.

Operating Conditions and Circuit Design

1. Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Storage TemperatureWhen operating a components-mounted circuit,

please be sure to observe the "Operating Temperature Range", written in delivery specifications. Storage temperature of PCB after mounting Varistors, which is not operated, should be within the specified "Storage Temperature Range" in the delivery specifications. Please remember not to use the product under the condition that exceeds the specified maximum temperature.

1.2 Operating Voltage

The Varistors shall not be operated in excess of the "Maximum allowable voltage". If the Varistors are operated beyond the specified Maximum allowable voltage, it may cause short and/or damage due to thermal run away.

The circuit that continuously applies high frequency and/or steep pulse voltage please examines the reliability of the Varistor even if it is used within a "Maximum allowable voltage". Also, it would be safer to check also the safety and reliability of your circuit.

Multilayer Varistors

1.3 Self-heating

The surface temperature of the Varistors shall be under the specified Maximum Operating Temperature in the Specifications including the temperature rise caused by self-heating. Check the temperature rise of the Varistor in your circuit.

1.4 Environmental Restrictions

The Varistors shall not be operated and/or stored under the following conditions.

- (1) Environmental conditions
 - (a) Under direct exposure to water or salt water
 - (b) Under conditions where water can condense and/or dew can form
 - (c) Under conditions containing corrosive gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, chlorine and ammonia

(2) Mechanical conditions

The place where vibration or impact that exceeds specified conditions written in delivery specification is loaded.

2. Design of Printed Circuit Board

2.1 Selection of Printed Circuit Boards

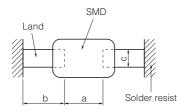
There is a possibility of performance deterioration by heat shock (temperature cycles), which causes cracks, from alumina substrate.

Please confirm that the substrate you use does not deteriorate the Varistors' quality.

2.2 Design of Land Pattern

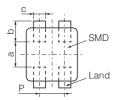
(1) Recommended land dimensions are shown below. Use the proper amount of solder in order to prevent cracking. Using too much solder places excessive stress on the Varistors.

Recommended Land Dimensions



Unit (mm)

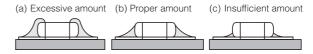
						, ,
Size	Component dimensions				h	0
Code	L	W	Т	a	b	С
Z(0201)	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.2 to 0.3	0.25 to 0.30	0.2 to 0.3
0(0402)	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.4 to 0.5	0.4 to 0.5	0.4 to 0.5
1(0603)	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.8 to 1.0	0.6 to 0.8	0.6 to 0.8
2(0805)	2.0	1.25	0.8 to 1.25	0.8 to 1.2	0.8 to 1.0	0.8 to 1.0



Size Code	Component dimensions		а	b	С	Р	
Code	L	W	Т				
S (0504 2Array)	1.37	1.0	0.6	0.3 to 0.4	0.45 to 0.55	0.3 to 0.4	0.54 to 0.74

(2) The land size shall be designed to have equal space, on both right and left side. If the amount of solder on the right land is different from that of the left land, the component may be cracked by stress since the side with a larger amount of solder solidifies later during cooling.

Recommended Amount of Solder



2.3 Utilization of Solder Resist

- (1) Solder resist shall be utilized to equalize the amounts of solder on both sides.
- (2) Solder resist shall be used to divide the pattern for the following cases;
 - · Components are arranged closely.
 - The Varistor is mounted near a component with lead wires.
 - The Varistor is placed near a chassis. See the table below.

Prohibited Applications and Recommended Applications

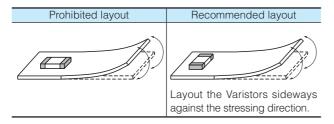
	Torribited Applications and Recommended Application				
Item	Prohibited applications	Improved applications by pattern division			
Mixed mounting with a component with lead wires	The lead wire of a Component With lead wires	Solder resist			
Arrangement near chassis	Chassis Solder (ground solder) Electrode pattern	Solder resist			
Retro-fitting of component with lead wires	A lead wire of Retrofitted component iron	Solder resist			
Lateral arrangement	Portion to be Excessively soldered Land	Solder resist			

2.4 Component Layout

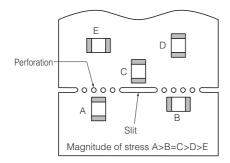
To prevent the crack of Varistors, place it on the position that could not easily be affected by the bending stress of substrate while going through procedures after mounting or handling.



(1) To minimize mechanical stress caused by the warp or bending of a PC board, please follow the recommended Varistors' layout below.



(2) The following layout is for your reference since mechanical stress near the dividing/breaking position of a PC board varies depending on the mounting position of the Varistors.



(3) The magnitude of mechanical stress applied to the Varistors when dividing the circuit board in descending order is as follows: push back < slit < V-groove < perforation. Also take into account the layout of the Varistors and the dividing/breaking method.

2.5 Mounting Density and Spaces

Intervals between components should not be too narrow to prevent the influence from solder bridges and solder balls. The space between components should be carefully determined.

Precautions for Assembly

1. Storage

- (1) The Varistors shall be stored between 5 to 40 °C and 20 to 70 % RH, not under severe conditions of high temperature and humidity.
- (2) If stored in a place where humidity, dust, or corrosive gasses (hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, hydrogen chloride and ammonia, etc.) are contained, the solderability of terminals electrodes will be deteriorated.
 - In addition, storage in a place where the heat or direct sunlight exposure occurs will causes mounting problems due to deformation of tapes and reels and components and taping/reels sticking together.
- (3) Do not store components longer than 6 months. Check the solderability of products that have been stored for more than 6 months before use.

2. Adhesives for Mounting

- (1) The amount and viscosity of an adhesive for mounting shall be such that the adhesive will not flow off on the land during its curing.
- (2) If the amount of adhesive is insufficient for mounting, the Varistors may fall off after or during soldering.
- (3) Low-viscosity of the adhesive causes displacement of Varistors.
- (4) The heat-curing methods for adhesive are ultraviolet radiation, far-infrared radiation, and so on. In order to prevent the terminal electrodes of the Varistors from oxidizing, the curing shall be under the following conditions:
 - 160 °C max., for 2 minutes max.
- (5) Insufficient curing may cause the Varistors to fall off after or during soldering. In addition, insulation resistance between terminal electrodes may deteriorate due to moisture absorption. In order to prevent these problems, please observe proper curing conditions.

3. Chip Mounting Consideration

- (1) When mounting the Varistors components on a PC board, the Varistor bodies shall be free from excessive impact loads such as mechanical impact or stress due to the positioning, pushing force and displacement of vacuum nozzles during mounting.
- (2) Maintenance and inspection of the Chip Mounter must be performed regularly.
- (3) If the bottom dead center of the vacuum nozzle is too low, the Varistor will crack from excessive force during mounting.

Pease refer to the following precautions and recommendations.

- (a) Set and adjust the bottom dead center of the vacuum nozzles to the upper surface of the PC board after correcting the warp of the PC board.
- (b) Set the pushing force of the vacuum nozzle during mounting to 1 to 3 N in static load.
- (c) For double surface mounting, apply a supporting pin on the rear surface of the PC board to suppress the bending of the PC board in order to minimize the impact of the vacuum nozzles. Typical examples are shown in the table below.

Item	Prohibited mounting	Recommended mounting
Single surface mounting	Crack	The supporting pin does not necessarily have to be positioned beneath the Varistor.
Double surface mounting	Separation of solder Crack	Supporting



- (d) Adjust the vacuum nozzles so that their bottom dead center during mounting is not too low
- (4) The closing dimensions of the positioning chucks shall be controlled. Maintenance and replacement of positioning chucks shall be performed regularly to prevent chipping or cracking of the Varistors caused by mechanical impact during positioning due to worn positioning chucks.
- (5) Maximum stroke of the nozzle shall be adjusted so that the maximum bending of PC board does not exceed 0.5 mm at 90 mm span. The PC board shall be supported by an adequate number of supporting pins.

4. Selection of Soldering Flux

Soldering flux may seriously affect the performance of the Varistors. Please confirm enough whether the soldering flux have an influence on performance of the Varistors or not, before using.

5. Soldering

5.1 Flow Soldering

When conducting flow soldering, stress from abrupt temperature change is applied to the Varistors, so the temperature, especially temperature of solder should be controlled very carefully. Varistors should not be subjected to abrupt temperature change because it causes occurrence of thermal cracks as a result of excessive thermal stress inside of the Varistors from flow soldering. You should be careful to temperature difference. Therefore it is essential that soldering process follow these recommended conditions.

(1) Application of Soldering flux:

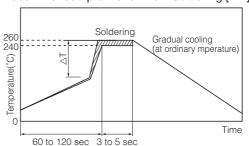
The soldering flux shall be applied to the mounted Varistors thinly and uniformly by foaming method.

(2) Preheating:

Conduct sufficient pre-heating, and make sure that the temperature difference between solder and Varistors' surface is 150 °C or less.

- (3) Immersion into Soldering bath:
 - The Varistors shall be immersed into a soldering bath of 240 to 260 °C for 3 to 5 seconds.
- (4) Gradual Cooling:
 - After soldering, avoid rapid cooling (forced cooling) and conduct gradual cooling, so that thermal cracks do not occur.
- (5) Flux Cleaning:
 - When the Varistors are immersed into a cleaning solvent, be sure that the surface temperatures of devices do not exceed 100 °C.
- (6) Performing flow soldering once under the conditions shown in the figure below [Recommended profile of Flow soldering (Ex)] will not cause any problems. However, pay attention to the possible warp and bending of the PC board.

Recommended profile for Flow Soldering [Ex.]



<Allowable temperature difference>

Size	Temp. Tol.
0603	∆T ≦ 150 °C

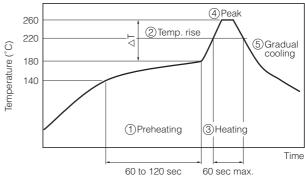
For products specified in individual specifications, avoid flow soldering.

5.2 Reflow Soldering

The reflow soldering temperature conditions are composed of temperature curves of Preheating, Temp. rise, Heating, Peak and Gradual cooling. Large temperature difference inside the Varistors caused by rapid heat application to the Varistors may lead to excessive thermal stresses, contributing to the thermal cracks. The Preheating temperature requires controlling with great care so that tombstone phenomenon may be prevented.

Item	Temperature	Period or Speed	
① Preheating	140 to 180 °C	60 to 120 sec	
② Temp. rise	Preheating temp to Peak temp.	2 to 5 °C /sec	
③ Heating	220 °C min.	60 sec max.	
4 Peak	260 °C max.	10 sec max.	
⑤ Gradual cooling	Peak temp. to 140 °C	1 to 4 °C /sec	

Recommended profile of Reflow soldering (EX)



 $\triangle T$: Allowable temperature difference $\triangle T \le 150$ °C

The rapid cooling (forced cooling) during Gradual cooling part should be avoided, because this may cause defects such as the thermal cracks, etc.

When the Varistors are immersed into a cleaning solvent, make sure that the surface temperatures of the devices do not exceed 100 °C.

Performing reflow soldering twice under the conditions shown in the figure above "Recommended profile of Reflow soldering (EX)" will not cause any problems. However, pay attention to the possible warp and bending of the PC board.



5.3 Hand Soldering

Hand soldering typically causes significant temperature change, which may induce excessive thermal stresses inside the Varistors, resulting in the thermal cracks, etc.

In order to prevent any defects, the following should be observed.

- · Control the temperature of the soldering tips with special care.
- Avoid the direct contact of soldering tips with the Varistors and/or terminal electrodes.
- · Do not reuse dismounted Varistors.
- (1) Condition 1 (with preheating)
 - (a) Soldering:

Use thread solder (ϕ 1 mm or below) which contains flux with low chlorine, developed for precision electronic equipment.

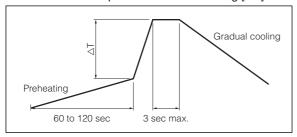
(b) Preheating:

Conduct sufficient pre-heating, and make sure that the temperature difference between solder and Varistors' surface is 150 °C or less.

- (c) Temperature of Iron tip: 300 °C max. (The required amount of solder shall be melted in advance on the soldering tip.)
- (d) Gradual cooling:

After soldering, the Varistors shall be cooled gradually at room temperature.

Recommended profile of Hand soldering [EX]



ΔT : Allowable temperature difference ΔT≤150 °C

(2) Condition 2 (without preheating)

Hand soldering can be performed without preheating, by following the conditions below:

- (a) Soldering iron tip shall never directly touch the ceramic and terminal electrodes of the Varistors.
- (b) The lands are sufficiently preheated with a soldering iron tip before sliding the soldering iron tip to the terminal electrodes of the Varistors for soldering.

Conditions of Hand soldering without preheating

	Condition
Temperature of Iron tip	270 °C max.
Wattage	20 W max.
Shape of Iron tip	<i>\$</i> 3 mm max.
Soldering time with a soldering iron	3 sec max.

6. Post Soldering Cleaning

6.1 Cleaning solvent

Soldering flux residue may remain on the PC board if cleaned with an inappropriate solvent. This may deteriorate the performance of Varistors, especially insulation resistance.

6.2 Cleaning conditions

Inappropriate cleaning conditions such as insufficient cleaning or excessive cleaning may impair the electrical characteristics and reliability of the Varistors

- (1) Insufficient cleaning can lead to:
 - (a) The halogen substance found in the residue of the soldering flux may cause the metal of terminal electrodes to corrode.
 - (b) The halogen substance found in the residue of the soldering flux on the surface of the Varistors may change resistance values.
 - (c) Water-soluble soldering flux may have more remarkable tendencies of (a) and (b) above compared to those of rosin soldering flux.
- (2) Excessive cleaning can lead to:
 - (a) When using ultrasonic cleaner, make sure that the output is not too large, so that the substrate will not resonate. The resonation causes the cracks in Varistors and/or solders, and deteriorates the strength of the terminal electrodes.

Please follow these conditions for Ultrasonic cleaning:

Ultrasonic wave output : 20 W/L max.
Ultrasonic wave frequency : 40 kHz max.
Ultrasonic wave cleaning time : 5 min. max.

6.3 Contamination of Cleaning solvent

Cleaning with contaminated cleaning solvent may cause the same results as that of insufficient cleaning due to the high density of liberated halogen.

7. Inspection Process

The pressure from measuring terminal pins might bend the PCB when implementing circuit inspection after mounting Varistors on PCB, and as a result, cracking may occur.

- (1) Mounted PC boards shall be supported by an adequate number of supporting pins on the back with bend settings of 90 mm span 0.5 mm max.
- (2) Confirm that the measuring pins have the right tip shape, are equal in height, have the right pressure and are set in the correct positions. The following figures are for your reference to avoid bending the PC board.

	Prohibited setting	Recommended setting
Bending of PC board	Check pin Separated, Crack	Check pin Supporting pin



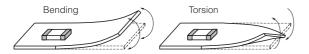
8. Protective Coating

When the surface of a PC board on which the Varistors have been mounted is coated with resin to protect against moisture and dust, it shall be confirmed that the protective coating does not affect the performance of Varistors.

- (1) Choose the material that does not emit the decomposition and/or reaction gas. The Gas may affect the composing members of the Varistors.
- (2) Shrinkage and expansion of resin coating when curing may apply stress to the Varistors and may lead to occurrence of cracks.

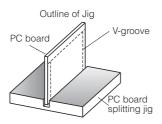
9. Dividing/Breaking of PC Boards

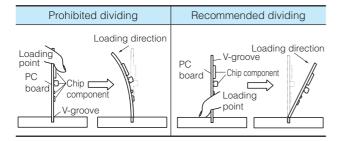
(1) Please be careful not to stress the substrate with bending/twisting when dividing, after mounting components including Varistors. Abnormal and excessive mechanical stress such as bending or torsion shown below can cause cracking in the Varistors.



- (2) Dividing/Breaking of the PC boards shall be done carefully at moderate speed by using a jig or apparatus to prevent the Varistors on the boards from mechanical damage.
- (3) Examples of PCB dividing/breaking jigs: The outline of PC board breaking jig is shown below. When PC board are broken or divided, loading points should be close to the jig to minimize the extent of the bending.

Also, planes with no parts mounted on should be used as plane of loading, in order to prevent tensile stress induced by the bending, which may cause cracks of the Varistors or other parts mounted on the PC boards.

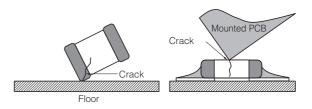




10. Mechanical Impact

- (1) The Varistors shall be free from any excessive mechanical impact. The Varistor body is made of ceramics and may be damaged or cracked if dropped. Never use a Varistor which has been dropped; their quality may already be impaired, and in that case, failure rate will increase.
- (2) When handling PC boards with Varistors mounted on them, do not allow the Varistors to collide with another PC board.

When mounted PC boards are handled or stored in a stacked state, the corner of a PC board might strike Thermistors, and the impact of the strike may cause damage or cracking and can deteriorate the withstand voltage and insulation resistance of the Varistor.



Other

The various precautions described above are typical. For special mounting conditions, please contact us.

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